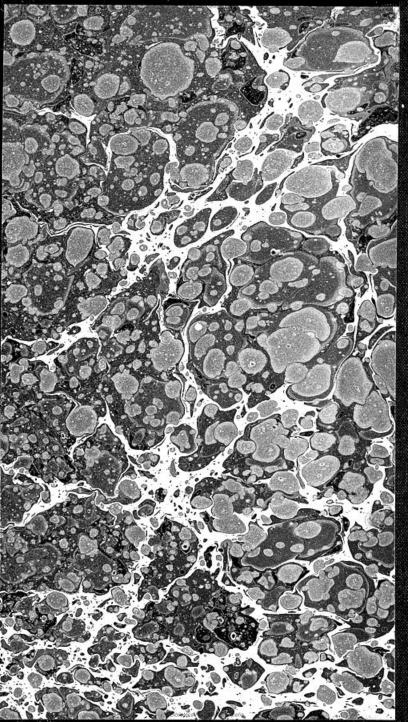
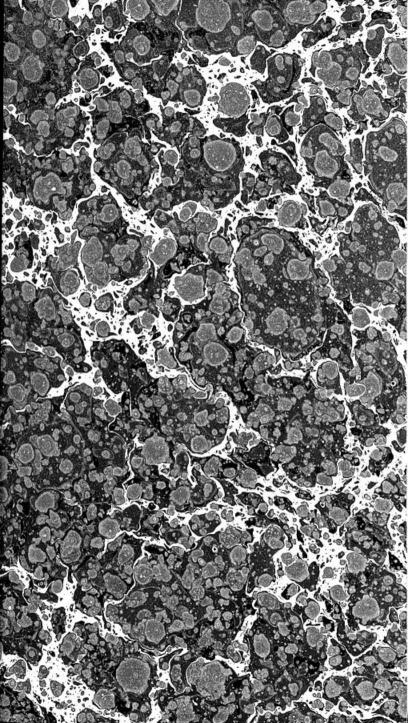
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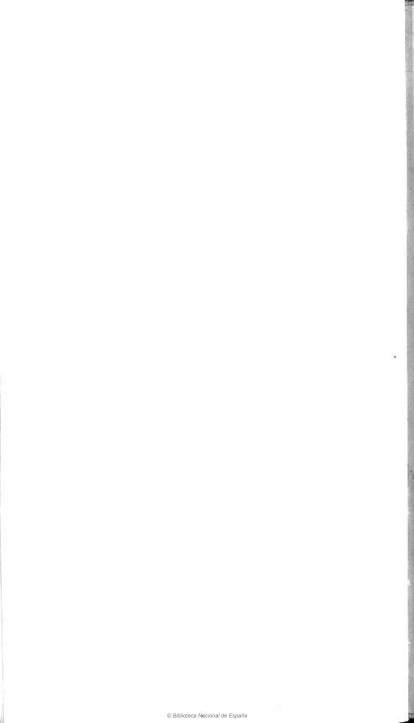
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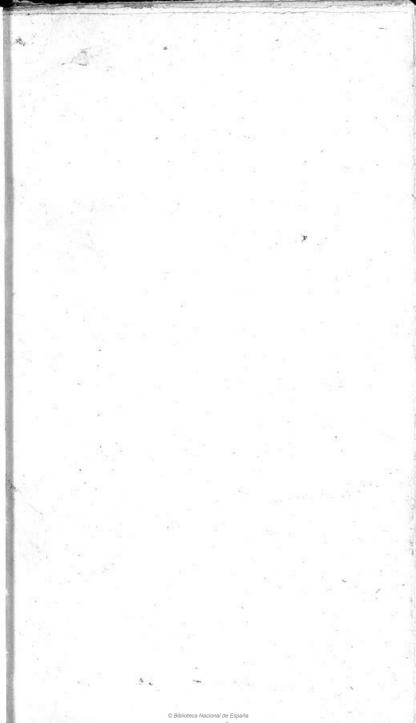




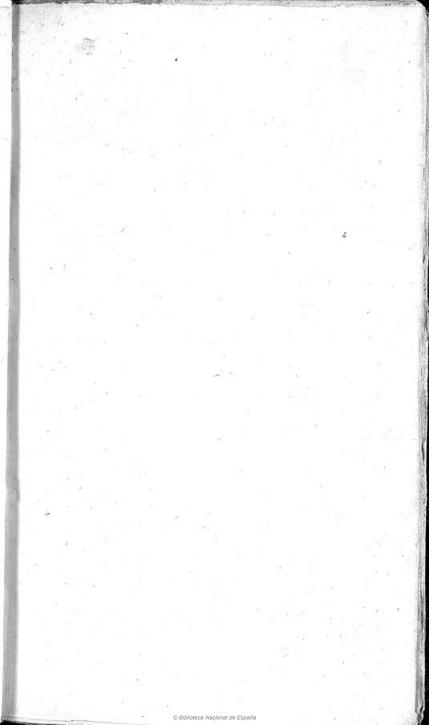


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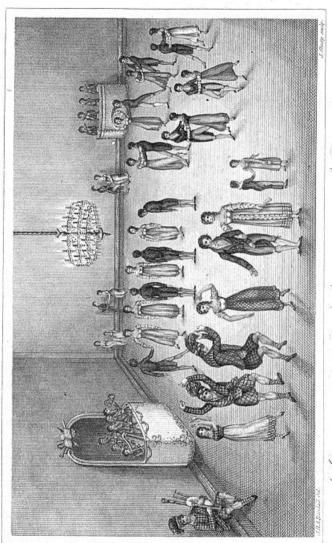
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# COMPANION to the BALL ROOM,

Containing a choice Collection of the most

Original and Admired

CountryDancesReelsHornpipesWalkzes, and, Quadrills&c&c with appropriate Figures to Each

THE ETIQUETTE

And a Dissertation on the State of the



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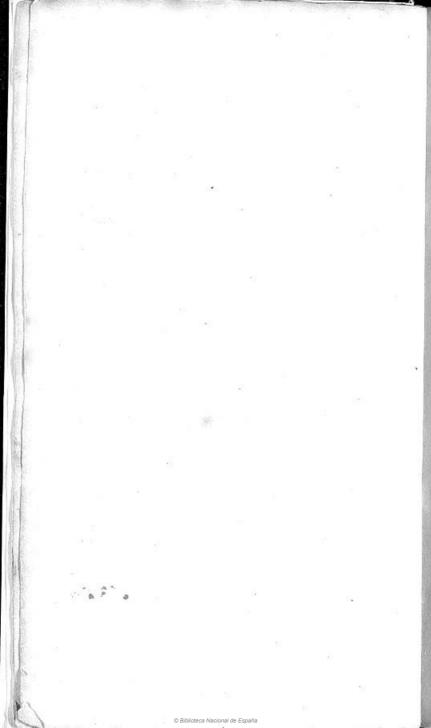
Opera House?

Condon.

(1820)

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#### CRITIQUES

# ON THE COMPANION TO THE BALL ROOM.

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"The Author of this Work had been applied to, to prepare a Pocket Collection of Correct and Favourite Country Dances, with appropriate Figures, and which might include equally Instruction to the Dancer and the Musician; and the present Publication shews the Success with which the purpose has been fulfilled.—Crit. Rev. Oct. 1816.

"It is unquestionably that sort of Publication which is likely to become the Vade-Mecum of those who

" Trip it as they go

" On the light fantastic toe."

"There is upon the face of it an ample Variety, snited to every Description of Dances, from those who Waltz at Court to please the eye of the Prince Regent down to the Rustic who pursues the Mazy round on the Village Green. We have no doubt its publication will answer the purpose of its Author, notwithstanding the pressure of Adversity at this moment, for it is that sort of Work that will go down, when Productions of far deeper importance to mankind lie mildewing on Bookseller's Shelves—or Clothe Spice, and line Trunks, in some Retailer's Shop."—Busy Body, Nov. 1816.

The present compendious Publication having been submitted to our inspection, we feel the more justified in giving it a space in our Catalogue, as we are confident no work of the same price exhibits a greater collection of Music for the Ball-room. Their number falls little short of 400 dancing tunes of every description, set in simple melody, and accompanied by the necessary figures, and other instructions. Even to the Musician a reference to such a collection becomes occasionally desirable. In the introduction the elements of the "science" is concisely set forth; and the musical branch of it appears to us treated with great propriety."—Ackerman's Repository, Dec. 1816.

"In the reign of Queen Elizabeth, an accomplished Dancer not only obtained her Majesty's favour, but the Great Seal of England as Lord Chancellor, with a Peerage; and in our own times we have heard of a person of the same elevated rank distinguished by his agility in the Ball-room, no less than his eloquence in the Senate, and his learning on the Bench. Such even being the case, we ought not to wonder that a French writer should have published a philosophical treatise on Dancing, or that a professor in our own country should venture to print a systematic view of this eiegant art. Seriously, however, the present volume is highly deserving of commendation, and will be found extremely serviceable to those who are fond of a polite and rational amusement, combined with science, and conducive to health."—New Monthly Magazine, Dec. 1816.

"It is, we believe, the only Treatise of the kind hitherto published; and to the lovers of this polite and rational amusement, is a great desideratum.—
To the Professor, the Pupil, and the Musician, it is equally desirable; indeed, no lady should be without it—whether for amusement, or for relaxation from more ardnous studies. Considering the high price of Music, it is sold at a very reasonable price."—Appendix to Lady's Mag. Dec. 1810.

"We are of Mr. Harcourt's opinion, in the tale of 'Envy and Emulation' in this miscellany, that, whenever accomplishment is aimed at, it should be studied with attention and acquired with precision. Without, therefore, sympathising very profoandly with Mr. Wilson on the slovenly negligence which occasionally disgraces ball-rooms, we can feel so much of his very natural professional concern as to admit that, what is to be done at all should be well done. System, also, is more necessary in the acquirement of pure accomplishment, than in that which involves more or less of mental application, because there is nothing but this early and regular gradation to hang it on the mind. In the article of dancing, too, which includes the attain ment of graceful activity and motion, it is essentially necessary to begin ear ly and systematically, in order to take the assistance of nature when she is most plastic and flexible, and to get rid of a study, which is unseasonable at any other time. When the youth of both sexes are taught to dance with ease and precision, and are made acquainted with the conventional etiquette of the ball-room at the proper period, they may dismiss all anxiety on that

#### CRITIQUES

score for ever after; just as Lord Chesterfield advises a fine gentleman to be particular in dressing himself, and then to forget that he is well dressed. The principles are their own, and the slight variations of mode produce no

manner of perplexity.

" In perusing the dissertation of Mr. Wilson, on the state of the ball-room, we were struck with the justice of many of his observations on the minor miseries of human life which there abound. The amusing wit, who a few years ago dilated on that fruitful subject in a pleasant volume, would have caught up no small number of hints from the present publication. He would have luxuriated in the various ludicrous attempts to conceal the want of skill in the untutored or neglectful, and have chaunted, like Antolycus, on the misery of a partner as dull as Erebus', as to music, and as singgish as Lethe in the evolutions of figure; to say nothing of the felicitous state of mind which is felt by the couple below who feel the performance of the couple above altogether beyond them. To do away a part of the mass of this evil, Mr. Wilson has very ably compiled and written, and written and compiled. The last of his accomplished, but not of his intentional, labours, is the work before us, which consists of airs adapted to country dancing, reels, hornpipes, waltzes, &c. with their ages and nationality attached to them; and a variety of appropriate figures to such tunes as require them, with directions for their correct performance, and remarks thereon; also a dissertation ou the present state of English ball-rooms, ball-room musicians, and musical publications. As far as critics in the autumn, at least, of their dancing days may be allowed to decide, Mr. Wilson has accomplished his task with skill and industry. Every air of merit, English, Irish, or Scottish, is adjusted to one or more figures, with the clearest instructions to prevent misconception. The music is neatly executed, and such a book in a ball-room must be a great and grave authority. We can recollect the time when ' the merry dance we dearly loved,' and then such an oracle would have been very pleasant both to our Collettes and ourselves. These days, as we have already observed, are nearly over; but we think we may venture, from our general knowledge of the subject, and acquaintance with the ability of the author, to recommend this publication to all the votaries of Terpsichore, and those parents and guardians who, in the dansomania of their children, be-hold the renewal of themselves."-British Lady's Mag. Nov. 1816.

#### The Correct Method of German and French Waltzing.

"Every endeavour has been made to render this a Work so truly explicit in its Description, as to enable Teachers and others in the Country, who have scarcely heard of Waltzing, or have known it beyond the Name, to acquire it with Ease and Precision."—European Mag. Dec. 1317.

"Waltzing, which is now so much in fashion in this as well as other countries, is a species of dancing that owes its origin to the Germans, having been first introduced in Swabia, and from thence extended throughout the European continent, with considerable additions and improvements. We are told that objections have been made to this branch of amusement, on account of its supposed inconsistency with propriety. But according to the work now before us, there is no foundation for the complaint, at least as far as the art is practised in this country, where the attitudes and movements are to the full as graceful and innocent as any in the accustomed system of dancing. Mr. Wilson has, in the present performance, rendered an acceptable service to the admirers of this elegant accomplishment, the principles of which he has explained with such remarkable clearness and precision, as to render the rules of practice perfectly easy and familiar."—New Monthly Mag Feb. 1817.

"It is so well known that dancing, from the earliest ages, with persons of all denominations and in all countries, has been exteemed not only a species of polite amusement and recreative pleasure, but also a healthy exercise, so so to require scarcely any further comment to recommend it. Waltzing is a species of this amusement, and notwithstanding that it is capable, from the beamtiful simplicity of its graceful movements, of affording to its votaries much pleasing and delightful practice; many prejudices have long existed against it, arising from the extravagant manner of performing it peculiar to those countries in which it was till lately so generally practised. By the more immediate and recent extensive communication with the Continent, waltzing has become a prevalent species of amusement in this country; and that it equally chaste with quadrilles, English country dances, &c. becomes clearly obvious on the perusal of a late publication by Mr. Wilson, Dancing Master, entitled, "A Description of the correct Method of German and French Waltzing."—La Belle Assemblee, Jan. 1817.



# PREFACE.

THE Author has been induced to bring forward the present Work, not only to gratify the request of those who have so frequently and for so many Years past applied to him, to publish a Pocket Collection of correct and favorite Country Dances, with appropriate Figures, for the use of the Ball Room, but also to answer every purpose of the Dancer and the Musician; and consequently no pains have been spared to render it, what he trusts it will be found to be, the most original, useful, and pleasing Collection, ever found in a Work of the kind.

It chiefly consists of Airs, adapted to Country Dancing, Reels, Hornpipes, Waltzes, &c. with their Ages and Nationality attached to them, and a variety of Appropriate Figures, to such Tunes as require them, with Directions for their correct Performance and remarks thereon: also will be affixed, a Critical Dissertation on the Present State of the English Ball Room, Ball Room Musicians, and Musical Publications.

In the progress of this Work, a number of Tunes have been collected together in 2, as they require in their application to the Figures, either in Country Dances or Reels, what are technically termed, Irish Steps.\* Few Tunes of this Measure are to be found in Collections of Country Dances;

<sup>\*</sup> Some are apt to imagine, that an Irish Tune must uniformly be danced with Irish Steps : this, however, is a mistake. It is to the Time, not the Nationality of the Tune, to which the Steps in question are applied, and Tunes in \$\frac{9}{6}\$ always require Irish Steps, whatever may be their origin; while Irish Tunes of 6 or Common Time, are danced like others. It likewise sometimes occurs, that a Tune may be found in 3 or 6 so composed, as to require Irish Steps, of which an instance occurs in this Selection; but it is not a general Rule.

#### PREFACE.

and the reason is, those who are but indifferent Dancers, and are not acquainted with proper Steps, (a class of people in which Ball Rooms usually abound) would find great difficulty in performing them. As their exposure would be the certain consequence, they carefully avoid calling them; and condemn them, when called by others, as disagreeable, or, in other words, beyond the reach of their capacity: good Dancers, on the contrary, always require them, as by these means they have an opportunity of displaying their superiority in this Science above the rest.

The Scotch Tunes also are classed together in a similar way;\* and care has been taken to select for this purpose the greatest National Favorites, for the gratification of lovers of Scotch Music. Those best adapted to Reels are likewise classed together, and mixed up with a variety of English Reels of equal Merit. The Hornpipes are also collected together in a similar way, and consist of most of the well known Favorites that are best adapted to

<sup>\*</sup> The classification here alluded to, has been as generally adhered to as possible; one or two instances however have (owing to accident) occurred, where the rule has been violated.

this Species of Dancing, with Figures added to them, for the use of those who wish to convert them into Country Dances.

English and Irish Tunes, not adapted to Irish Steps, are arranged together in one class, to obviate the difficulty and trouble of seeking for and selecting them from among the rest. A Selection too of admired Waltzes are mixed, with a few Allemandes, Cotillions, and Minuets: these Waltzes are all new and popular, and particularly adapted to that Species of Dancing.

The time of each Tune has been carefully marked against it, in order to render the Dance uniformly complete, and the Figures are written to correspond exactly; and, with a view to render the Work as correct as possible, each Figure is written expressly for this Work, calculated equally to suit the Learner and the most experienced Dancer. As many of these Figures are entirely new, and probably known only to such persons as possess the "Analysis of Country Dancing," (Third Edition) the Whole explained by Diagrams, will be correctly republished in the "Complete System of English Country Dancing." Accordingly, three Figures are generally given to each—the first easy; the second more

difficult; and the third for the most part double.

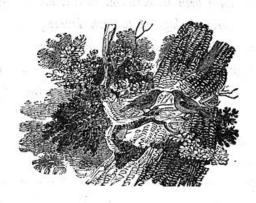
The Introduction will contain an Explanation of what are termed Single and Double Figures, of the Times and Measures of Country Dance Music, &c.

To prevent any mistake in the performance of the Figure, every one has Directions over it, to inform the Musician, whether the Tune, or any part of it, requires repetition; and here the Editor takes the liberty of remarking, that he could have spared himself the trouble of writing the Figures to each Dance, by separating the Tunes into Classes of the same Time and Measure, and adapting a Set of Figures suitable to each Class, and have left the reader to his choice, to Select any he might please; but this System beside not being well understood by some, would have been inconvenient to all, and therefore the Figures are affixed to each Dance for general Accommodation: those who wish for a greater variety of Figures, may consult the Tables in the " Analysis of Country Dancing,"\* invented for the purpose

<sup>\*</sup> As this Work is now out of print, and very difficult to be procured, the whole of its contents, with a variety of new matter, will very soon be published, in a new work, now in the press, entitled "A Complete System of Country Dancing."

of enabling Dancers to set their own Figures to any Extent.

Every possible care has been taken, to ascertain the true Name of every Dance; and where secondary Names have been given them, by those who were anxious to produce New Tunes, without having the Genius to compose them, such Secondary Names have been carefully inserted in the Index. All the Airs in this Collection are original, and such as have received general applause. Every attention has been paid towards rendering them correct; and the Author trusts that this Work, when closely examined, will be found the most perfect of any thing of the kind hitherto attempted.



# introduction.

THE only way to obtain a correct Knowledge of the Science of Dancing, is, to treat it like any other Science, and study the Elements of which it is composed. To do this, it is necessary, first, to acquire a knowledge of the Characters used in Dancing, to distinguish the Difference between Long and Short Figures, and to adapt these Figures to their respective Measures in Music. The Times of the Dances (although properly the province of the Musician) ought likewise to be known to the Dancers themselves, that they may be enabled, to correct any Error arising from the misunderstanding or inattention of the Band or other causes, and to prevent them being thrown into confusion, by the Errors or Presumption of others. An intimate Acquaintance with the following technical Terms and Characters\* used in this Work is therefore recommended to the Reader.

# Country Dance Figures.

Country Dance Figures are certain Movements or Directions formed in Circular, Half Circular, Serpentine, Angular, Straight Lines, &c. &c. drawn

<sup>\*</sup> For an explanation of the Musical Terms and Characters in this Work, the Author recommends to the Reader the use of a good Musical Instructor or Dictionary.

out into different Lengths, adapted to the various Strains of Country Dance Music. There are Whole Figures, Half Figures, Long Figures, Short Figures, Progressive Figures, &c.; their various Forms, Lengths, and Uses, will be seen in the "Complete System of English Country Dancing," by the Diagrams, and the Explanation subjoined.

#### -

### Bars used in dibiding the Figures.

The Figure bar marked thus  $\neg$  or thus  $\neg$  is used to divide one part of a Figure from the rest, and to point out to the Dancer how much Figure is to be performed to each Strain of the Music,\* and also to shew when the strain is or is not to be repeated: the first having but one Dot, denotes, that the Strain belonging to that part of the Figure to which it is set is to be played but once; the second having two Dots, shews the Strain to be repeated or played twice. The Figure or Figures placed before each Bar is the proper quantity to be performed to each Strain of the Music to which the Figure Bar refers. The first Bar relates to the first Strain, the second to the second Strain, and so on to the rest.

<sup>\*</sup> Although several Long and Short Figures are frequently set to fill up the Music to one Dance, as "Whole Figure at top," "Lead down the Middle and up again," "Allemande," "Swing Corners," &c.; yet the whole of the individual Figures, however many there may be, are all neluded in the general term or title of the figure of the Dance.



#### Strains or Parts.

A Strain is that part of an Air terminated by a double Bar, and usually consists, in Country Dances, of four, eight, or sixteen single Bars; sometimes it contains twelve Bars. In Cotillions, we find occasionally Strains of Six Bars; but this latter Strain is extremely unfit for a Country Dance Figure. Country Dance Tunes usually consist of two Strains, though they frequently extend to three, four, or five, and perhaps more. Strains are frequently called Parts, by those that are unacquainted with Music; as, for instance, by a Tune of two Parts, they mean one of two Strains. Parts are only the arrangement of some Air for different Instruments, as the Horn Part, the Trumpet Part, &c. and have no Relation to Strains whatever.

In some Airs, particularly Scottish, the last Strain will frequently extend to sixteen Bars in Long Measure;\* but in reality, it is only eight Bars repeated, with a small Alteration in the last, or two last Bars of the last Strain, which has been written thus, for the sake of variety in the Composition. While the regularity of Figure at present established

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Long," and "Short Measure," are Terms the Author has adapted to regulate the Length of Strains as applying to Country Dance Music. Their Length and Uses will be found under their respective Heads; and a fuller Description, not only of these, but of all the different Measures to which Country Dances have been composed, will be given in "The Complete System of English Country Dancing.

is adhered to, eight Bars Long Measure is the greatest Length to which any Strain can with propriety be extended, as Long Figures require no more. Some Strains, as I have mentioned before, contain sixteen Bars, Long Measure, without a Division as the "Caledonian Laddie," for instance, which of course require Two Long Figures; I have therefore placed a Bar with single Dot, shewing the Dancer the middle of the Strain, to shew the quantity of Figure necessary to be performed in the first eight Bars, so dividing it for the Convenience of the Dancer, as if it were two Strains of eight Bars each. I have equally taken the precaution in Short Measure, when a Strain, consists of sixteen Bars, and where I consider the Dancer requires a Guide, as much as in the foregoing instance in Long Measure.

# Single and Double Figures.

These depend invariably on the Measure of the respective Airs to which they are danced, single Figures being only performed to Short Measure repeated, or to Strains of Long Measure not repeated; because they each contain the smallest portion of Figure that can possibly be selected in one portion, or (according to the usual term) set to the Tune. To constitute what is termed a Double Figure, several Figures must be placed together, equal to twice the quantity requisite for a Single Figure; and the Music, to admit of a Double Figure, must be

repeated in Long Measure, or played twice straight through; and in Short Measure, will require to be played twice through with repeats, as may be seen by the Examples which are given under the head of Long and Short Measure.

# Short Measure.

A strain of Short Measure usually contains four Bars common Time, or eight Bars of  $\frac{2}{4}$  or French common Time repeated, although there are instances where Music, being fantastically wrote,\* as in "Yeo, Yeo," and some others, may contain eight Bars Common Time; but this is a

<sup>\*</sup> It must be remarked, that many Tunes that should be written in common time, are frequently written in 2 through the silly fancy of some, whose motives it is difficult to guess at; except it be, the satisfaction they derive, from turning quavers into semiquavers, and making two strokes where one would serve. This foolish propensity, where it takes root, will infallibly produce Tunes, that will require the same quantity of Figures as Tunes of the same number of bars in Long Measure, as the substitution of semiquavers cannot alter the time. "Del Caros Hornpipe," for instance, may be written in 2 by making the quavers semiquavers; in which case four Bars in 2 will be equal in point of duration to the same number of bars written in common time, as they now stand. It may also be written in 2 by only running a bar through the middle of each bar as it now stands, which would then make eight bars 2, equal to four bars in Common Time, as already specified. It might also be written, equally ridiculous, by making the quavers crotchets, which would make Eight Bars Common Time,

Circumstance that does not frequently happen. The best way is, to adopt a Medium by means of some familiar Airs being laid down as a standing rule to regulate the rest by (Del Caros Hornpipe, for example,) which although it may be variously written, in Eight Bars 2, in four Bars, or even Two Bars, Common Time, according to fancy, yet contains a definite Length in its Strains, which cannot well be mistaken, and which will effectually serve to mark the true Length of what is really Short Measure, in Common Time.\*

and possibly in sixteen bars 2, by running a bar through the middle of each of the said eight bars; in short, there is no knowing where folly may stop, and therefore the only safe method is the one already recommended: namely, to select a standard Air as a specimen of Short Measure, to regulate the rest by; which must as a Dance consume a certain portion of time in playing, let it be written which way it will. The necessity of this caution is evident to guide those, who wish to form their own Figures, and prevent their supposing, that eight bars in are always equal to only four bars in common time; thus, " Laura and Lenza," although only eight Bars in 2, is equal to eight Bars common Time, and might as well have been written in Common Time : in fact, it is not Short, but Long Measure ; " Parisot's Hornpipe" is the same. The " Corsair Hornpipe" is written both ways by different people; and is equally Long Measure, whether it is written in a or in common time.

\* There are some Tunes, both in common and tripple time, Short Measure, as well as in Long Measure, where, for the sake of variety, the last Strain is lengthened to double

Short Measure in Triple Time, consists of Four Bars in  $\frac{9}{8}$ ,  $\frac{6}{8}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$ , or Eight Bars  $\frac{3}{8}$  Time (the two last mentioned Times  $\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{3}{8}$  are now but seldom used for Country Dances, being better adapted for Waltzes and Minuets): to which may be added the same number of Bars in  $\frac{9}{4}$ ,  $\frac{6}{4}$ , or  $\frac{3}{2}$ ; but these are only Repetitions of the foregoing Times, according to the old System of using Crotchets, instead of Quavers, and are now seldom used. Two Bars of  $\frac{12}{8}$  would also make a Strain Short Measure; but there is not an instance within the Author's Knowledge where it occurs.

# Long Measure.

A Strain of Long Measure, consists of eight Bars common Time, of which "Fisher's Hornpipe" may stand as an Example, each Strain of which unrepeated is a Strain of Long Measure. In triple Time, eight Bars in  $\frac{9}{8}$ ,  $\frac{6}{8}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$ , and of course in  $\frac{9}{4}$ ,  $\frac{6}{4}$ , and  $\frac{3}{2}$  form also a Strain of Long Measure; to these may be added, four Bars of  $\frac{12}{8}$ , which sometimes occur.

### Single Figures to Short Measure.

It has been already remarked, that single figures can only be performed to Short Measure

the number of bars; but this, although it carries with it the appearance of Long Measure, is, in reality, only equivalent to two Strains of Short Measure, and as such, is never repeated—see the article under the Head of "Strains or Parts," Page xi.

repeated, or Long Measure unrepeated, both of which are already explained. Nothing therefore remains, but to lay down an example or two, for the Benefit of those who may not thoroughly comprehend what has been stated. In "the Caledonian Rant," which, is Two Strains, Short Measure, in Common Time repeated, there will be four Short Figures, as swing with right hands round the second Couple : \* Allemande : lead through the Bottom - and right and left with the top Couple -

In "La Bouquette", which consists of two Strains of French Common Time or 2 repeated; there will be likewise Four Short Figures, as in the foregoing time, which, though differently marked, will be exactly the same, as cross over one Couple : half Figure round the third Couple : Hands four round at Bottom - and half Pousette : +

\* The Editor has not throughout this Work marked the

different Strains-in placing the dots to divide these Strains, they are always placed at the top of the bar; those to all others, whether in Long or Short Measure, are always placed

ander the Bar.

division with a single dot as in Long Measure (but whenever the Strains are repeated, has only placed a bar with two dots at the end of the repeat, instead of a bar with a single dot every time the Strain is played through) and has only done it here, to render it more conspicuous to the Dancer. He has, however, when Da Capo occurs in Short Measure, divided the Figure, by placing a bar with a single dot at the end of the Strain, besides that which would naturally appear at the end of the Capo; because it cannot be considered (like the first, a Strain repeated, being really two

<sup>†</sup> The following Short and Half Figures will take but half

# Double Figures to Short Measure.

When these Tunes are played twice through with repeats, Double Figures may be set to them in place of single ones, as in the above instances: thus, to a Tune of Two Strains repeated, Short Measure, as "the Review"—Hey on your own Sides : Promenade three Couple : whole Poussette : and Swing Corners : A greater variety of Examples would be useless, as triple Time is so well known and so clearly defined in itself, that no Mistake can well happen in that; and therefore only this Rule need be added, namely, that every Country Dance will contain as many Long Figures, and twice as many Short Figures, as there are Strains in the Music; provided the Strains are of the proper length adapted to Country Dancing.\*

a Strain of Music in Long, or a whole Strain in Short, Measure.

Allemande.
Right and Left.
Lead down the Middle up again.
Turn your Partner.
Half Poussette or Draw.
Half Figure at Top.
Half Figure at Bottom.
Chace round one Couple.
Chain Figure four round.
Half Figure on your own Sides.
Half Figure at Top.

Sides.
Swing round your Partner,
Half Figure at Bottom.
Pass round the Top.
Lead through the Top.
Lead through the Bottom.
Pass round the Bottom.
Hands three round on Ladies' Side.

Half Figure from contrary

Hands three round on Gentlemen's Side.

\* A further elucidation of Long and Short Figures, and the method of adapting them to the Time, will be found in the Analysis of Country Dancing (Third Edition) and will shortly be republished in the Complete System of English Country Dancing.

To constitute a Double Figure, in Long Measure. the Tune must either be played twice through, or each Strain repeated. "The Dorsetshire Hornpipe," Double Figure, will take Four Long Figures, thus: Hey contrary Sides - Hey on your own Sides : whole Pousette : and set contrary Corners : this is once with the Strains repeated; and were it played twice through without the Strains being repeated, it is obvious the Figure would be the same.

#### Da Cavo.

Da Capo, when it occurs, signifies, that the Tune to which it is attached ends with the First Strain: and the Epithet is merely introduced, to save the trouble of writing the first Strain over again: thus, an Air of two Strains, Long Measure, with Da Capo attached to it, really consists of three Strains; a Tune of three is equal to four, &c. &c. In Short Measure, it seldom makes any Difference to the length of the Tune, as the first Strain is usually played twice, the second Strain once, and then the Capo or first Strain, which together make but four short Strains, which would be so without the Capo, as in that case the second Strain would necessarily be repeated.

## Time of Playing the Dances.

The various terms of Allegro, Allegretto, Moderato, Andante, &c. are absolutely necessary, according to the present System, to distinguish the ~~<del>~~~~</del>

proper Time in which every Dance should be played. Formerly, before the introduction of Steps, it was customary to play every Air, whatever might be its Character, in one time: namely, with the utmost Rapidity: because the Dancers were at a loss what to do, either with their Feet or themselves, if they were not in perpetual Motion. But, since Dancing has become a Science, various Steps have been introduced, with a view to display the Skill of the Dancer; and as these require more Time to perform them with Elegance, it follows of course, that the Time in which they ought to be played will be considerably slower than before their Invention. STRATHSPEYS, from the nature of their Steps, will be uniformly Andante; REELS will be quicker; and consequently Allegro; and Airs in &, having similar Steps to those in common Time, will naturally be slower, or Moderato, owing to their having but six Quavers in a Bar, instead of eight; & has one Quaver more, and is consequently Allegro. However, as this is what is by Dancers technically called Irish Time, Irish Steps are usually adapted to it, which require more time in their Execution. For further Remarks on this Measure of time, see Preface, page iv.

#### Directions to Dancers.

The Reader will be pleased to observe, that all the Figures in this Work are carefully set to their respective Tunes: should any mistake therefore occur, if the Dancer be correct in his Time, it may

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* be safely attributed to the fault of the Musician; some of whom are so careless, or so ignorant of what they are doing, as to play an Air with all the rapidity they are capable, although it may only be an Allegro, or even an Andante. The Dancer, however, must likewise be careful that the Error is not his own, to which end it is necessary, when he calls a dance, to explain to the Musician, whether it be a Single or a Double Figure, and Direct him to play it as it is marked, otherwise he might (not knowing the consequence) play it by ear, as he had picked it up in some Assembly, where there was neither Order nor Regularity either in the Dancers or the Musicians. The Author cannot answer for the Errors of others; and should the Propriety of any Figure be disputed, he will be always ready to explain it to the Satisfaction of any Applicant.

# Directions to Musicians.

The Musicians are particularly requested, when they play a Dance from this Book, to observe, whether the Strains, or any part of them, should be repeated, and to play them accordingly; otherwise the various Figures set to them will not answer the Music, and the Blame will certainly fall on the Composer of the Figures; though in Reality it is caused through the neglect or oversight of the Musicians.

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of fac. Charles of Standard and Audies



#### DROPS OF BRANDY +



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & change sides with 2. Cu: set & back again - lead down the middle up again = & right & left with the top couple ...

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - swing with right hands round the 2 d Cu:

Note this & the 22 fellowing Nemical Tenes are collected together for the convenience of dancers, to all or any of them Irish steps may be ap plied either in country dancing or reels. 

Note = The dancer is once more particularly requested to observe that "lead down the middle & up again" is a short figure & must be performed in half a strain or four bars of music in long measure or a strain of short for further remarks see dissertation Page 213



(Each strain repeated) Set & hands across with 2d Cu: set & back again . lead down the middle up again & half poussette with top Cu:

OR THUS The 1st lady crosses between the 2d & 3d gent the 1st gent. crosses between the 2d & 3d ladies set back to back turn & set ... half fi gure round the bottom Cu: & right & left with the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2. Cu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & hands four round with top Cu: ... C



DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)
Set & hands across set & back again promenade 3 Correspondences

SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again : swing with right hands round 2 d Cu: & allemande ::

DE THUS Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again 1. d down the middle up again & right & left 1.



OR THUS Cast off C Cost back again ... & whole poussette ...

DOUBLE LIGURE (Tune played two others with repeats)
The 1st lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent leads down the 2d lady
lead your partner down the middle & up again right & left with the top

ust set contrary corners ... & swing corners ...





SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & hands across with 2d Cu : set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Cast off 2Cu: & back again ... & whole poussette ...

THUS Set & half right & left with 2d Cur set & back again : lead down the midsup again & chain figure 4 round with top Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated) Swing with right hands (round the 2d Cu:) then with left . & set con\_ trary corners

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ! lead down the middle up again & allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats) Hands 6 quite round & back again ... promenade 3Cu: ... whole poussette ... & set 3 across & set 3 in your places ...



INGLE FIGURE (Tune played strait through)
The 1st lady leads down the 2d gent: the 1st gent: leads down the 2d SINGLE FIGURE lady !... lead down the middle & up with your partner & right & left

OR THUS Set & hands across with 2d Cu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

(Tune played twice through) DOUBLE FIGURE

Promenade 3 Cu: - whole poussette - set contrary corners : hands four round at bottom & allemande



SINGLE FIGURE ( Each strain repeated ) The 1st Cu: cast off at the same time the 3rd Cu: set & lead up

then the 3. Cu: cast off & the 1. Cu: set & lead up ... & whole pouss.

Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back a gain telead down the middle up again & right & left tel

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tane played twice thro with repeats) Swing with right hands (round 2dCu:) then with left set contrary corners ... swing cors ! lead thro the bottom & half pouss: with top Car

(Scotch)



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again : set & change sides with 2 Cu: & back again : lead down the middle up again & right & left ...

OR THUS Set & hands across with the 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu ... & swing corners ...



Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ! lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro? with repeats)

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - set & half right & left with
2d Cu: set & back again - lead down the middle up again set
to the top Cu: ... & swing corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & change places with 2d Cu; & back again - lead down the middle up again & right & left -

OR THUS The 1st lady turn the 2d gent: the 1st gent: turn the 2d lady ... & whole poussette ...

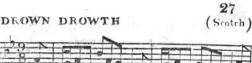
Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gentlemans side promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette & & set contrary conners



DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)
Set & half right & left with the 2d Curset & back again ... lead downthe middle up again allemand ... swing corners ... & hands 6 quite round & back again ...

SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Cast of 2 Cu: & back again swing with right hands round 2 Cu:
then with left

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gentlemans side ... lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:





SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & hands across quite round & back again ... lead down the mid\_ dle up again & right & left

OR THUS The 1st lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent leads down the 2d lady - lead your partner down the middle up again& allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Set & half right & left with 2d Cu: set & back again whole poussette : set 3 across set 3 in your places : & hands 6 completely round



( Each strain repeated ) Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again : lead down the middle up again & right & left ....

OR THUS Promenade 3 Cu: - & whole poussette

DOULLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats) Cast off 2 Cu: & back again : set & change places with 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & allemande ... set contrary corners



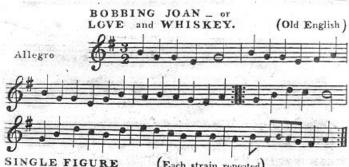
( Each strain repeated ) SINGLE FIGURE

Hands 3 round on the ladies side, hands 3 round on the gentle\_ mans side 🗔 lead down the middle up again & right & left 🗔

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2. Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thre with repeats)

Cast off 2 Cu& back again : swing with right hands (round 2d Coupl) then with left ... set contrary\_corners ... lead thro'the bottom & half pous\_ sette with top Cu:



(Each strain repeated) Set & hands across with 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & right & left ...

OR THUS Swing with right hands (round 2d Cu:) then with left ... & set 3 across & set 3 in your places ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats) Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... set & half right & left with 2. Cu: set & back again ... whole poussette ... chain figure four round at bottom & allemande



Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the genths side

OR THUS The lady crosses & sets with the 2d & 3d gent! at the same time the gent: crosses & sets with the 2d & 3d ladies turn & set to part \_ ners \_ half figure at bottom & right & left with top Cu: \_\_\_

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro' with repeats)
Set & change sides with the 2d Cur & back again ... promenade 3 Cur
whole poussette ... & turn corners ...



Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... swing with right hands round 2d.

OR THUS Set & hands across quite round with 2. Cu: set & back a gain lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

Set & change sides with 2 dCu: set & back again promenade 3
Cu: whole poussette & swing corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE

Cast off 2 Cur & back again : lead down the middle up again and right & left :

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gen tlemans side ... lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu....

Set & change places with the 2. Cu: set & back again ... promenade 3 Cu: ... whole poussette ... & hands 6 quite round & back ...



Set & change sides with the 2d Cu: set & back again ... & wholepous sette

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... swing with right hands round the 2 d Cu: & then with left ...

Promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette set contrary corners lead



Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side

OR THUS Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu; set & back again : & whole poussette ::

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thre with repeats)

Swing with right hands round 27 Cu: then with left \subset 3 across set 3 in your places \subset swing corners \subset lead thro' the bottom & right & left at top \subset.



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

The 1st lady leads down the 2d gent: the 1st gent lead down the 2d lady lead down the middle with your part! alls mande and set con trary corners.

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again : set & change sides with 2.4 Cu: set & back again : & whole poussette ::

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats

Set & hands across quite round with 2 dCu: set & back again promenade
3Cu: swing with right hands round 2 dCu: then with left set 3 across
set 3 in your places whole figure contrary corners hands bround
& back again ...



Swing with right hands (round 2. Cur) then with left . & set contrary corners ...

OR THUS The 3 ladies join hands & the 3 gent? join hands set & lead thro's et & back again Tlead down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu:

DOBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with cepeats)
Set & half right & left with 2 dCur set & back again to promenade
3 Cur to whole poussette to & turn corners to



Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent ns side lead down the middle up again & allemande

OR THUS set & change places with 2d Cu: set & back again ... & whole poussette ...

Set & hands across quite round with 2d Curset & back again lead down the middle up again set to the top Cursissing corners dain figure four round with top Cur & turn your partner.



OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2. Cu: right & left with 3. Cu: Fred thro the top & turn your partner

(Each strain repeated) DOUBLE FIGURE The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent" the 3 gent nlead round the 3 ladies Tpromenade 3 Cu: 7 & whole poussette



again & allemand ...

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again swing round 2 Cu: with right hands & right & left with the 3d Cu:

OUBLE FIGURE (Tune playd twice thro' with repeats)
Set & change places with 2d Cu: set & back again ... promenade 3 Cu: DOUBLE FIGURE whole poussette ... & whole figure contrary corners ... \*

\* Note this & every other new figure together with all the figures mentioned in this work will be found clearly explained by Diagrams in the compleat system of English Country Dancing which will shortly appear.



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated, 2d played strait thro!)
The 1st lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent; lead down the 2d lady
lead down the middle with your partner up again & set to the top Cut-

OR THUS The 1st lady turn the 2d gent; the 1st gent; turn the 2d lady lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

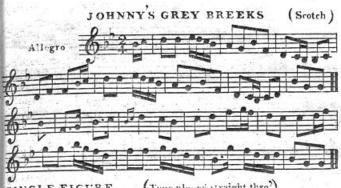
Set & half right & left with 2d Cu: set & back again whole poussette whole figure contrary corners to lead through the bottom and allemande



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Set & hands across with 2d Cu. set & back again and whole poussette

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again : swing with right hands (round 2 Cu:) then with left :

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)
Set & half right & left with 2d Cu: set & back again : promenade 3
Cu: lead down the mid: up again allemande & swing corners ::



(Tune played straight thro') SINGLE FIGURE

Whole figure at top 😾 lead down the middle up again and alle\_ mande 🔽

OR THUS. Chain figure 6 round - lead down the middle up again & right & loft -

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides cross over one Cu: half figure round the 3d Cu: - & set contrary corners ...



Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ... swing with right hands round 2d Cu: & allemande ...

OR THUS The 1st lady meets & turns the 2st gent: the 1st gent; meets & turns the 2d lady ... lead down the middle up again's settothetop Cu. ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Hands 6 round & back - promenade 3 Cu: - whole poussette - & the double triangle ∺

(Old Scoten)



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & change sides with 2 Cu: set & back again releaddownthemid dle up again & right & left released.

OR THUS Set & change places with 2 Cu: lead thro the bottom Cu:

Hey on your own sides ... hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent 45 side ... whole poussette & set contrary corners ...



Set & hands across with 2 Cu: set & back again : lead down the middle up again & right & left ...

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side & the 2d lady passes under to her place hands 3 round on the gent; side & the 2d gent; passes to der to his place ... & whole poussette

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again promenade 3 Cu: lead down the middle up again allemande . & the double triangle ...

\* Note there is another Highland Laddie but it could not be admitted into this coil? as it sayours too much on the song style to be useful as a count dance



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Hands 3round on the ladies side hands 3round on the gent; side ∺ lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: ∺

OR THUS The lst lady meets & turns the 2d gent: the lst gent: ment & turns the 2d lady ... lead down the middle up again & allemande ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Set & change sides with 2. Cu: set & back again 1st lady meets and turns the 3. gent; the 1st gent; meets & turns the 3. lady promenade 3. Cu: ... & whole poussette ...



The 3 gent: turn the 3 ladies right & left at top lead down the middle up again & allemande

OR THUS Set&hands across quite round with 2 cu: set&back again ilead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & half right & left with 2 Cu: set & back again promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette & set 3 across & set 3 in your places ...

<sup>\*</sup> This tune the a very popular Country Dance is frequently used as a Eoropipe to which Class it properly belongs

SINGLE FIGURE

Set & change sides with  $2^d$ Cu: set & back again  $\rightarrow$  swing with right hands round  $2^d$ Cu: then with left  $\rightarrow$  lead down the middle up again set to top Cu:  $\rightarrow$  lead thro the bottom & chain figure 6 round with top Cu:  $\rightarrow$ 

SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2st played straight thro)

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides clead down the middle up again set to the top Cu: Swing corners

OR THUS The 3 ladys lead round the 3 gent; in the 3 gent: lead round, the 3 ladies : promenade 3 Cu; : & whole poussette in

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2. Cu: set & back again !.. lead a down the middle up again righ & left at top !.. set contrary corners and hands 6 round at top & back again !...

\* As the 2d strain of this tune is of an Unusual length (as mentioned in the Introduction) a figure bar is placed shewing the dancerhow much figure should be performed to each of the 8 Bars of the Music thereby dividing the strain of 16 Bars into 2 of 8 Bars each for the More Correct performance of the figure to the music.



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back agan - lead down the mid\_

dle up again & right & left at top ∺

OR THUS Set & hands across quite round with 2. Cu: set & back again ... & whole poussette ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

The 1st lady turns the 2d Gent: the 1st gent turns the 2d lady ... promenade 3Cu: ... set 3 across set 3 in your placed ... & the double triangle ...



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Hands 3 tound on the ladies side & the 2d lady passes under to her place hands 3 round on the gent:side & the 2d gent:passes under to his place ... & whole poussette ...

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... & whole poussette ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Set & half right & left with 2. Cut set & back again ... swing with right hands round 2 Cut ... cross over l Cut & half figure round the top Cut ... & set contrary comers ...



SINGLE FIGURE

(Tune played straight thro') Hey on your own sides it lead down the middle up again & set to topCu; it

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2dCu: set & back again leaddown the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent; ithe 3 gent; lead round the 3 la\_ dies : lead down the middle up again allemande : & set 3 across & set 3 in your places ...



Set & hands across with 2 Cu: set & back again - lead down themid dle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats) Promenade 3 Cu: ... whole poussette ... set contrary corners ... & swing corners ...



## SINGLE FIGURE

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent? side ∺ lead down the middle up again & allemande ∺

SINGLE FIGURE (Tune played straight thro')

The 1st lady leads down the 2d gent: the 1st gent: leads down the 2d lady is lead down the middle with your partner up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & hands across quite round with 2 Cu: set & back again is lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Swing with right hands round 2.dCu: then with left; set 3 across set 3 in your places ... hands 6 round & back again it lead thro the bot tom & half poussette with the top Cu: ...

TREBLE FIGURE Tune repeated & then played straight thro

The 3 ladies lead round the gent: The 3 gent; lead round the 3 ladies lead down the midde up again half poussette with top Cu: I set contrary corners with swing corners to the double triangle.



Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & right and left.

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again is swing with right hands round 2 d Cu: & then with left in

OR THUS The 1st lady turns the 3d gent; the 1st gent; meets & turns the 3d lady & whole poussette



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side

OR THUS Set & change places with 2. Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & cast round the top Cu: ...

Set & half right & left with 2dCu; set & back again ... promenade 3Cu:



The 1st lady turns the 2d gent; the 1st gent turns the 2d lady the lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent. Side : lead down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Set & half right & left with 2d Cu: set & back again - promenade

3 Cu: whole poussette - & the double triangle -



SINGLE FIGURE (Tune played straight thro)
Whole figure at top | lead down the middle up again & allemande |

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2. Cu: then with left the lady whole figures round the top Cu: & the gent; round the bottom

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Cross over 2 Cu: cross up 1 Cu: half figure round the top Cu: lead thro bottom & top & lead outsides ...



SINGLE FIGURE

(Each strain repeated)

Set & hands across with 2d Cur set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & allemande ...

OR THUS The 1st lady leads down 2d gent: the 1st gent: leads down 2d la dy: lead your partner down the middle up again & set to the top Cut !!!

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tane played twice thro with repeats)

Hands 6 quite round & back !: promenade 3 Cu: !: whole poussette

& set 3 across & set 3 in your places !:



Cast off 2 Cu: & back again is swing with right hands round 2.d.
Cu: then with left is

OR THUS Whole figure at top ilead down the middle up again and turn your partner

Cross over I Cu: half figure round the 3d Cu: lead outsides through bottom right & left at top & set contrary corners.





Some change sides with 2d Curse & back again ! lead down the middle up again & allemande !

TREBLE FIGURE. (Tone played three times thro with repeats)

Cast off 2 Cur & back again recess over 2 Cur lead up 1 the lady whole fucures round the top Cur& the gent; round the bottom wing corners be lead thro bottom & top - & lead outsides -

\* Note: This is the Original figure set to this Dance & has ever been a favorite with good dancers



Set & hands across quite round wit 2 Cu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & right & left at top

OR THUS The 1st lady turns the 2d gent: the 1st gent: turns the 2d lady swing with right hands round 2d Cu: & allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice throwith repets)
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - set & half right & left with 2 Cu: set & back again - lead down the middle up again set to the top Cu: - & the double triangle -



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gentlemans side - leaddown the middle up again & set to the top Cu: -

OR THUS The Lt lady lead down the 2d gent, the 1st gent, lead down the 2d lady : lead your partner down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats

Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again Promenade

3 Cd: whole poussette & & swing corners



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain played straight thro 2d repeated

Hey on your own sides wing with right hands round 2d0;
then with left ...

OR THUS Cross over one Cu; half figure round the 3d Cu: 5 & lead outsides 57

Whole figure at top Chain figure 6 round lead down themid dle up again & right 5 left with top Cu: & lead through the bottom & top



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & change sides with 2d.Curset & back again ... lead down the middle up again & allemande ...

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2 Cu; then with left : and set 3 across & set 3 in your places :

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Set & half right & left with 2d Cu: set & back again lead down the mid dle up again right & left with top Cu: set eon? corners lead thro the bottom & half poussette with top Cu:

N.B. This is frequently called I'll gang na mair to you Town but this is the proper name



SINGLE FIGURE

Each strain repeated

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent? side ::lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: :--

OR THUS Set & hands across with 2. Cu: set & back again ...

DOUBLE FIGURE: Tune played twice thro with repeats

The 1st lady turn 2st gent, the 1st gent, turn 2st lady ... 1 remenade 3 Cu: ... whole poussette ... & set contrary corners ...



Set & hands across quite round with 2. Cu.se. & back again and down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cur.

OR THUS Swing with right hands round the 2d Cu: allemante ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again swing with right hands round the 2d.
Cu: & back again lead down the middle up again set to the top Cu:

& whole figure contrary corners

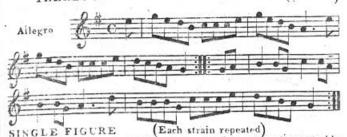


The 3 ladies join hands & the 3 gent: join hands set & lead thro set & back again ? set & change places with the 2 !! Curset & ellemand ?

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2 Cur set & back again #

Cross over 2 Curset half figure on your own sides allemande at whole poussette half figure or your own sides allemande at

## THERES NAE LUCK ABOUT THE HOUSE (Old Scotch)



Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent: side lead down the middle up again & right & left at top ...

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ! lead down the middle up again & handsfour round at top !...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again swing with right hands top & bettom

set contrary corners & the double triangle



The 1' lady leads down the 2d gent: the 1st gent: lead down the 2d lady lead down your partner & allemande

OR THUS Set & change places with 2d Cu: set & back again in & whole poussette in

Swing with right hands round 2dCu: turn your partner set 3 a cross set 3 your places whole figure contrary corners lead thro' the bottom & right & left with top Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

The 3 ladies join hands & the 3 gent; join hands set & lead thro set & back again ... & whole poussette ...

OR THUS Set & hands across quite round with 2.d Cu: set & back again : leaddown the middle up again & right & left with top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice throwith repeats)

Promenade 3 Cu: swing with right hands round 2 Cu: then with left set contrary corners lead thro bottom Cu: & allemande set.



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro?)
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... swing with right hands round 2d Cu: & then with left ...

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent side ... (lead down the middle up again & set to top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twicethro as marked)
Swing with right hands round 2 Cu: Thalf figure on your own sides
up to the top allemande whole poussette : & whole figure contrary corners :



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated.

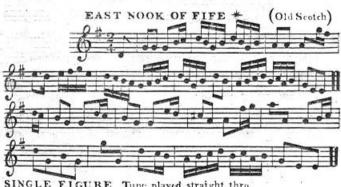
Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & hands four round at top ...

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again . lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent side...

Promenade 3 Cu: ... whole poussette ... & whole figure round contrary corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Set & change sides with 2d Cur set & back again - & whole pouss?

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... lead down the mid \_ dle up again & set to the top Cu: ...

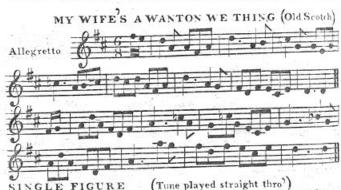
N.B. From this tune Shooters Hornpipe was taken.



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
The 1st lady turns the 2st gent, the 1st gent, turns the 2st lady turns the 2st lady turns the 2st lady turns the 3st lady turns

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2 Cur set & back again to lead down the middle up again & half possette with the top Cur

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)
Set & half right & left with 2d Cur set & back again ... promenade
3 Cur ... whole pouss? ... & the double triangle ...



Whole figure at top it lead down the middle up again & half poussette with the top Cu:

OR THUS How on your own sides it lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides cross over 2 Cu:





SINGLE FIGURE Tone played straight thro

Chain figure 6 round - lead down the middle up again &turn your partner

OR THUS Whole figure on your own sides reass over one Cut and half figure round the top Cut

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent. I the 3 gent. lead round the 3 ladies lead down the middle up again set to the top Cu: Rethe double triangle ...



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro

Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent. side . & whole poussette .

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides - hey on your own sides - lead down the rold dle up again & allemande - & the double triangle -

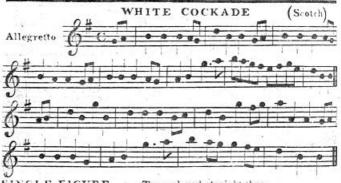


SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro & D.C. Swing with right hands round 2d Cu: then with left readdownthe middle up again & right & left with top Cu:

OR THUS Set & hands across with 2 Cu: set & back again - leaddown the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro as marked)

The 1st Cu: cast off at the same the 3d Cu: set & lead up then the 3d Cu: cast off & the 1st Cu: set & lead up to places cross over I Cu: half figure round the 3d Cu: set contrary corners clead throthe boiton half pending



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again !- lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: !-

OR THUS Set & change places with 2dCu; allemande & swing coners;

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides swing with right hands





(Old Scoten)



SINGLE FIGURE (Instrumented 25 played straight thro)

Set&half right & left with 2 Cur set & back again to be of cown themid dle up again & right & left with top Cur.

OR THUS The Stadie's foil thands the Spentigoin hands set & lead that set & back againt. Lead down the multiup again & set to top Cur.

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tone played twice thro

Set&change sim's with 200 userth back again... leaddown the middle upagain&haif yours! with top Con. Thet Bacross set Bin your places... & whole figure commany corners...



The !! lady leads down the 2 gent; the !! gent; leads down the 2 dady !... lead your partner down the middle up again & allemande !...

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent: side bead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro' with repeats)

Cast off 2 Cu; & back again - promonade 3 Cu; - whole points of & the double triangle -



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & hands across with 2! Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & right & left at top

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu; & back again ... swing with right hands . round the 2dCu: & allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro' with repeats Promerade 3 Cu: whole poussette ... set contrary corners ... & whole figure contrary corners

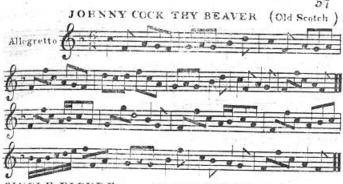


SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro Whole figure at top lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Cross over one Cu; half figure round the 3d Cu; 124 & set contrary corners

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Set & hands across quite round with the 2d Cu: set & back again whole poussette ... swing corners ... & lead outsides ...





SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro? Whole figure at top - leaddown the middle up again & allemande -

OR THUS Cross over one Cu: half figure round the 3d Cu: - and lead thro top & bottom

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Hey contrary sides . hey en your own sides . lead down the middle up again turn your partner - & lead outsides ...



Each strain repeated Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & allemande 🗔

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent . side : lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats Cast off 2 Cu: & back again swing with right hands round 2d Cu: then with left : the double triangle : & set contrary cor-



SINGLE FIGURE (Tune played straight thro?)
Chain figure 6 round ited down the middle up again & turn your partner.

OR THUS Cross over | Curhalf figure round the bottom Curpin and turn corners

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Hey contrary sides: Hey on your own sides cross over 2 Cu:

cross up I Cu: & half figure round top Cu:



Set & change sides with the 20 Cur set & back again follown the middle up again & allemande ...

OR THUS The Ist Cut cast off at the same time the 3d Cut set & 10 d up then the 3d Cut cast of Fethe Pt Cut set & lead up 77 & whole pous sette 77

DOT BLE FIGURE (Tone played twice thro with repeats)

Swing with right hands round 2. Cu; then with left to rectary corners to lead if no the bottom right & left at top to half pous! with 3. Cu: & non your part.



SHON TRUISH WILLICHAN (Old Scotch)



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & change sides with 2dCu: set & back again ... swing with righthands round the 2dCu: then with left : set 3 across set 3 in your places : lead thro the hottom & lead outsides ...

SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & hands across quite round with 2. Cu: set & back again ... pro\_ menade 3 Cu: whole poussette ... & set contrary corners ...

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... set & half right & left with 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again set to the top Cu: hands 6 round & back again

\* This is the Scotch & the only real Shon Truish \_\_\_ the other tune usually confounded with this derives its name from the french words Chant Russe signifying a Russian Song or Air \_each has a particular dance Compo\_ sed to it, the above is more a favorite among the Scotch, but the Chant Russe is more prevalent in the English ball room. \_\_ these dances consist of a number of steps necessary to be taught by a master & therefore the figure here set to them are only to adapt them for country dances



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight through
Whole figure at top cross over one Cu: & half figure round the of

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round - whole poussette -

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides hey on your own sides lead down the
middle up again turn your partner & & the double triangle



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight the Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... lead down the mid; up again & all emande 7

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2d Cu; then with left - & set 3 across & set 3 in your places -

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked

Mands 3 round on the Ladies side hands 3 round on the gentlemens
slow ... whole poussette ... lead thro the bottom right & left with
the top Cu: ... & set contrary corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE (15t strain repeated 2th played straight thre)

Set Shands across quite round with 2d Cut set & back again ! lead down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu: 🛨

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro as marked)

Hards 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent side 7 set & half right & left with 2 "Cu set & back again whole poussette - & set con trary corners

N.B. The following Tunes are selected as being best adapted for Reel Dancing as well as being favorite Country Dances



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight three) The 3 ladies join hands the ... hamis set. Tead Sposet & Lock again belead down the middle unagain right & eft.

OR THUS Set & change places with 2. Compile de . Swing corners .

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thrown marked) Promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette - set contesty certiers double triangle 👾



Swing with right hands round 2dCu: then with left # & set contrary

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2 Cu: set & back again : & whele poussette ::

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice throwith repeats)

Hands Ground & back again To promenade 3 Cut Tolead down the middle up again set to top Cut Tok the double triangle To



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro')

Swing with right hands reund 2d Cu: then with left in lead thro the bot tom is half poussette with top Cu:

OR THUS Set & hands across quite round with 2 dCurset f back again \ leads lown the mid: up again & right & left with top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro'as marked)
Sea hands Ground & back again : whole figure at top : lead down the
reliable apagain set to top Cu: : 8 whole figure contrary corners :



Set & change places with 2 d Cu; set & back again ... lead down the mid: up again & right & left with top Cu;

OR THUS. The  $l^{st}$  lady leads down the  $2^d$  gent; the  $l^{st}$  gent; leads down the  $2^d$  lady. Lead your partner down the mid: up again & set to top Cu:  $\Box$ .

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)

Hands Fround on the ladies side hands Fround on the gent: side whole
passette set contrary corners clead thro the bottom & allemande



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2 inlayed straight thro')
Set & change sides with 2 Cur set & back again ... lead down the middle
up again & allemande ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro' as marked)

Hey on your own sides : promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette : & set

3 across & set 3 in your places :

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2d Cu; set & back again head down the middle up again set to the top Cu; half poussette with top Cu; turn your partner ... & set contrary corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE Tope played as marked

Set I bands across with 220 ment of the international then be up against to the top Co. The temperature To distinguished The in myser partner.

OR THUS Hands 3 cound to it a latter a side mannis 3 round on the gener side : lead down the minister of again & right & left with the to Con Ther thro bottom Cur : & half poussette :



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight thre).
The 1st lady leads down the 2d gent; the 1st gent; leads down the 2d lady in lead your partner down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu;

OR THUS Set&half right & left with 2 dCursors backing as to lead down the middle up again & satto the top Cut T

BOUBLE FIGURE (Time played twice there as marked)
Hands 3 round with 2<sup>d</sup> lang hands 3 round with 2<sup>d</sup> gent: I lead
down the middle up again allemands I set 3 across at 3 in your
places I lead through the bettern is a in figure 4 and with include.



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Hands Fround on the ladies side hands Bround on the gent; side 🚾 lead does the widdle up again & set to the top Cu: !!

OR THUS Set & change makes with 2d Cer with back again ... swing with right hands cound the 2" Cu, & then with left be-

DOUBLE FIGURE (Ton played twice throwing remote)

The 3 laties join hands the 3 gents join hands out had thre set & back again 📆 lead down the columb op again right & left with top Cartainset comtrary corners ... & the double triangle ...



Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the good; sale T. lead down the middle up again set to top Cu: ... & swing corners ...

OR THUS Set & the Le sides with 2" Curset whick again Theaddown the middleup agein a ghad lett with to Cut TS turn corners T

DOUBLE FIGURE (True played twice thro as marked) Hands Grand & back r gain Truromenade S Cu: whole poissette y'l contrary corners to lead two the bottom's allemande to & set discross & set 2 in your places 😁



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gentiside that down the middle up again 8 set to the tog Cu:

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2 dCu; set & nack again : & who) pours settle :

DOUBLE FIGURE (Time played twice thro'with repeats)

Prome nade 3 Cu: Thead down the midale up again allemande set & set & cross set 3 in your places wheat thro the bottom? half pousse the with to C:



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2st played straight thre)
Set & hands across with 2st Cu; set & back again to lead down the middle up again & half poussette with top Cu;

OR THUS Soing with right hands round 2 the allemande ... & seld across set 3 in your places ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro as marked)
So the change sides with 2d Curset & back again = promenade 3 Curse whole poussette = & swing corners =



SINGLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & half right & left with 2. Cur set & back again — lead down the midlie up again & allemande —

OR THUS Hands 6 quite round & back again Telead down the middleup again & set to top Cur Telead

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro with repeats)
Set & change sides with 24 Cur set & back again ... promenad 3 Cur ...
whole poussette ... & whole figure contrary corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro)
The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent; join hands set & lead thro set & had again 7 & whole poussette 7.

ORTHUS Set & half right & left with 2 Cu; set & back again 7 lead down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu; 7

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thro as marked)
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - promenade 3 Cu: - whole poissette & whole figure contrary corners -



SINGLE FIGURE

( Each strain reneated)

Set & change sides with the 2d Cu; set & back again The addown the mid; up again he set to the top Cu: ...

OR THUS The L'Isdy leads down the 2 gent; the L. gent: leads down the 2 Laty ... lead your partner down the mid: up again & allemande ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tone played twice thro' with repeats)

Hands Gquite round & has k again ... promenade 3 Curly whole poussette : chain figure four round with bottom Cu: & right & left with ton Cu:

\* N.B. This is the original name but it is frequently called the Borny Fighlan Laddic from a Song that is written to it of which the secondary title is the Chems.



Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ... promenade 3 Cundole penssette ... & swing corners ...

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gentiside ... and I 2 Cur & back again ... swing with right hands round 2 Curale. mands 📆 lead thro the bottom 8-right & l-ft with ton Cu: 📆

This with a little alteration is called "Roys With b





SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent: join hands set & lead thro set & back again Tlead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: The set of the set

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2d Curset & back again :lead down the middle up again & half poussette with the top Cur:

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked Cast off 2 Cu: & back again with right hands round the 2d. Cu: allemande with set contrary corners with hands 6 completely round & back again with right hands 6.



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu: set & back again ::

lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu: ::

OR THUS The Ft lady turn the 2d gent: the Ft gent: turn the 2d lady : lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: :

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats
Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 on the gent; side ::

promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette :: & set 3 across 5 set 3 in
your places ::



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The Pt lady lead down the 2d gent, the Pt gent, lead down 2d lady in lead your partner down the middle & up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Cu; set & back again ₩ lead down the middle up again & allemande ₩

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats. Hey contrary sides : swing with tight hands round 2 Cu: then with left : set contrary corners : & whole figure contrary corners ::



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
St & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again... & whole poussette

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats
Set & change places with 2<sup>d</sup> Cu: allemande 

swing corners 

st
contrary corners 

& the double triangle 

...

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again : swing with right hand round 2 Cu: : half figure up to the top allemande : lead downthe middle up again & right & left with the top Cu: :



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Hands across quite round with 2d Cu: & back again ... & whole poussette ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats Hey on your own sides : promenade 3 Cu: : swing with right hands round your part allemande ... & set contrary corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE Pt strain repeated 2d played straight thro Set & hands across with 2d Cu: set & back again : lead down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu: 🖵

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again : lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked Hey contrary sides ... promenade 3 Cu: ... whole poussette ... and set 3 across & set 3 in your places



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again in leaddown the middle up again and allemande ...

OR THUS. The Pt lady lead down the 2d gent; the Pt gent; lead down the 2d lady ... lead your partner down the relief to up against right & left with the top Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE Estrain repeated 2d played strongly this Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side and down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & change places with 24 Cur right & leb with 34 ... swing corners ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tone played twice thro as marked.

Set Schalf right & left with 2d Correct & back again whole received the settle of set contrary corners with double triangle.



SINGLE FIGURE Fach strain repeated

Set & change sides with 2d Cur set & back again ... It ad down the mid dle up again & right & left with the top Cu: ...

OR THUS The 12 lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent; lead down the 2d lady ... lead down the middle with your partner up again & set to the top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thro with repeats

Promenade 3 Cu: To whole poussette Teset 3 across set 3 in your places To & the double triangle To



The 3 hairs join bands the Spint; join hands set & had thre set & back again 77 & whole possesser: 77

OR THUS Set & hand across cutte round set & back again ... hoddewn the middle up again & all mands ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice throwith repeats

Swing with right hands round 20 Cu: then with left rest contrary corners whole figure centrary corners whale figure centrary corners whale fround & back again with the contrary corners where we have a second and the contrary corners with the contrary corners where the contrary corners with the contrary corners where the contrary corners with the contrary corners where the corner cor



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again swing with right hands round 2d Cu: & allemande

OR THUS The 1st lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent: lead down the 2d lady down the middle with your partner up again & turn your partner

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats

Swing with right hands round 2d Cu; then with left = set & half right & left with 2d Cu; set & back again = swing corners = lead throthe bottom & half poussette with top Cu:



Hey on your own sides ! lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & hands across quite round with 20 Cu; set and back again 7 & whole possette 7

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent; the 3 gent: lead round the 3 ladies II whole poussette II set contrary corners II



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro : Set & change sides with 2d Cu; set & back again 1 lead down the mid dle up again & allemande 1

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu; & back again ₩ swing with right hands then with left ₩

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked.

The lithady turn the 2d gent, the Figent, turn the 2d hady promenade 3Cu: whole pausette : & swing corners :



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & change sides with 2d Cut set & back again ... lead down the mid dleup again & allemande ...

OR THUS Cost off 2 Cu: & back again ... lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked

Hey centrary sides promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette & & set
contrary corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & change sides with 2d Cu; set & back again I lead down the middle up again allemande & set contrary corners

OR THUS The 1st lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent; lad down the 2d lady ... lead your partner down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu: ... & the double triangle ...



Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again : lead down the middle up again & allemande :

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again . leaddown the middle up again & set to the top Cu: ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats
Set is hands across quite round with 2d Cu; set & back again promenade 3 Cu; whole powsette & & set corners



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent side Hands 3 round on the gent side Hands 3 round on the gent side Hands 4 round on the gent

OR THUS The 1st lady turn the 2st gent; the 1st gent turn the 2st lady ₩ lead down the middle up again & allemande ₩

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats

The I lady lead down 2d gent: the I gent: lead down the 2d lady lead down the middle & up with your partner & turn your partner set contrary corners ... & hands 6 round & back again...



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro Set & hands across with 2d Cu; set & back again 1 lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu; 1

OR THUS. Swing with right hands (round the 2d Cu:) then with left ₩ & set contrary corners ₩

DOUBLE FIGURE Tane played twice thro as marked
Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again promenade 3Cu:
whole poussette ... & the double triangle...

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THE NINETEENTH OF FEBRUARY (Score



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

. Set & change sides with 2dCu: set & back again ₩ lead down the me, dle up again & hands four round at top ₩.

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... swing with right hand, round the 2 ! Cu: & allemande ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thro with repeats

Hey on your own sides turn your partner set & change places with 2d Cu: Habole figure contrary corners 78 set contrary corners 77



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated. Set & change sides with 2% Cut set & back again : lead down thems! dle up again & right & left with the top Cut :

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again 7 lead down the middle up again & allemande 7

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats
Hards S round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent side of the deleter the middle up again cost mound the top Cu: rest Sectional Singular player, half poursette with top Cu: & lead that the bottom of



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
The I hady turn the 2d gent; the E gent; turn the 2d lady whole peuss. ...

OR THES Set & change places with the 2d Cu: set & back again in lead flown the middle up again & allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thro with repeats

Fromt-made 3 Correct whole possette to set contrary corners to and whole figure round centrary corners to



Set & change sides with 2d Cu; set & back again lead down the mid-dle up again & hands four round at top ...

OR THUS 1st Lady turn 2d gent: 1t gent; turn 2d lady ... whole pouss? ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice throwith repeats

Set & change places with 2d Curset friback again with right hands round 2d Curset from the first across set 3 in your places to hands 6 round & back again ...



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hands across quite round with 2d Cu: & back again in lead down
the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

OR THUS. The 1st lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st ent; lead down the 2d lady in lead your partner down the middle up again & set to top Curr

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thro with repeats
Set & change sides with 20 Cu: set & back again promenade 3
Cu: whole poussette hands 6 round & back again



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side 
lead down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu:

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again - lead down the middle up again & allemande

## DOUBLE FIGURE

Hey on your own sides swing with right hands round 2d Cuthen with left mands 6 round & back again ... & set contrary corners ...



Each strain repeated SINGLE FIGURE

Set & change sides with 2 Cu: set & back again !... leaddown the mid: up again allemande ... set contrary corners ... & hands 6 quite round & back again ...

OR THUS The 1st lady leads down the 2d gent; the 1st gent; leads down the 2d lady ... lead your partner down the middle & up again allemande set 3 across set 3 in your places . & the double triangle ...

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side ... whole poussette ... swing corners ... & lead outsides ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tone played twice thro with repeats

Promenade 3 Cu: swing with right hands round 2 Cu: then with
left whole figure contrary contrary corners turn corners. Leadthro
the bottom Cu: chain figure 4 round with top Cu: round top & bottom
set & half right & left with bottom Cu: set & back again thain figure 4 round with top Cu: & turn your partner.

## 



The Original DGUBLE FIGURE | Each strain repeated

The top-lidy sets & passes down the middle at the same time the get. Herman custs off \( \subseteq \text{Cu} \); the lady then east up & the gent, sets & passe up the middle to the top \( \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure found the \( \subseteq \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure found the \( \subseteq \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure to our discount for \( \subseteq \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure to our discount \( \subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure to our discount \( \subseteq \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure to our discount \( \subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure to our discount \( \subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \text{cross over one Cu} \); half figure to our discount \( \subseteq \subse



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Whole figure on your own sides lead down the middle up again and
turn your partner ...

OR THUS Chain figure Ground - lead do the milds up again & allemand?

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - cross over one Cu: half figure round the bottom Cu: - lead outsides - the lady whole figures round the m Cu: & the gent: round the bottom Cu: -

## TINK A TINK



SINGLE FIGURE ARTHUR Curset's back again ... promended Cur-

OR THUS Bands I record on the ladies side bands I round on the sent; side ... lead down the round is up again & set to the top Cur. and wasle figure contrary corners.

OR THUS Set & number never with 27 Cu; quite rainel set & hack again Thead down the wide to up any in seright a cell with the top Cu: ...



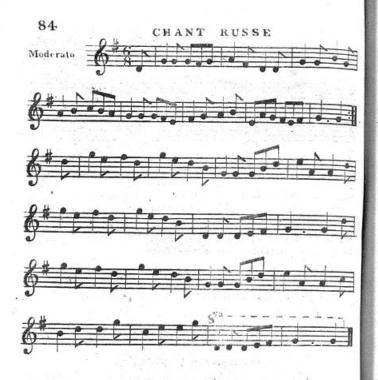
Whole figure at top. lead down the raidele up again for allemande ...

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round To lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu: To

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Cross over 2 Cat Terosa upone Cut & half figure round the top.

Cut Tero corners The double is T.



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu; set & back again - lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu: - swing on ners - & lead outsides -

OR THUS Whole figure at top promenade 3 Cu: whole posseste ... & set contrary corners ...

N.B. Although the last strain of this tune consists of 16 bars in long measure it is to be considered by the dancer only as 8 bars repeated; as it is written thro for some little variation in the latter part of the 2 strain, yet it may be considered & is in reality no more than a repetition of the first 8 bars of the strain, in order to direct the dancer in the performance of the figure I have placed a Bar with a Single dot showing how much figure should be performed to each of the 8 bars in the strain in the same manner as to 2 strains of 8 bars each played straight thro; for further elucidation on this subject see the Introduction Page 12



Tune played straight thro Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ! lead down the middle up again & allemande 🚎

OR THUS Whole figure on your own sides !- lead down the mid\_ dle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides leaddownthe mid\_ dle up again turn your partner - & the double triangle -



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro Hands across with 2. Cu: quite round & back again !.. lead down the middle up again & turn your partner

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2dCu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked

. Swing with right hands round 2d Cu: right & left with 3d Cu: To set contrary corners - lead thro the bottom half poussette with top Cu:-& whole figure contrary corners L



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight three.

Set & hands across with 2d Cur set & back again ... lead down the middle up again half poussette with top Cur...

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2 Cu; set & back again = lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu;

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twire thro as marked
Swing with right hands round 2 dCo: alternande set Sacross set
Sin your places swing comers chain figure four round with bottom Cu: & turn your partner.



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Whole figure at top Plead down the middle up again & right & left
with top Cu:

OR THUS Cross over 1 Cut half figure round the 3d Cut & lead outsides 7

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides I lead down the middle up again turn your partner the lady whole figures round the 3d Cu: & the gent: round the top

I



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight three Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - & whole poussette -

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Curset & back again thad down the middle up again & allemande 🚾

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Cross over 2 Cu: - cross up one Cu; half figure round the top Cu; set contrary corners - & lead outsides -

This tune is frequently called by several names as Garyone, Harlequin Amulet, &c. but this is the original



Tune played straight thre' Set & change sides with 2 Cu: set & back again - lead down the mid\_ dle up again & allemande

OR THUS Hey on your own sides - set & change places with 2d Cur& chain figure four round at bottom ∺

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The  $\mathbb{R}^d$  lady turns  $2^d$  gent; the  $\mathbb{R}^d$  gent; turns  $2^d$  lady  $\boxminus$  pronounce  $\mathbb{R}^d$  Conleaddown the middle up again set to ton Cu: - soing courses





SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straigh thro
The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent: join hands set & lead thro set
& back again whole poussette & turn corners

OR THUS Hands across with 2d Cu: & back again tlead downthe middle up again turn your partner & lead outsides

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round - lead down the middle up again lead thro the top Cu: - & set contrary corners -

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides hey on your own sides cross our 2 Cu; cross up one Cu; half figure round the top Cu; half the bottom right. & left at top chain figure four round at bottom & turn your partner.

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu; & back again whole figure at top cross over 2 Cu; half figure round the 3 Cu; the double triangle whole figure round the top Cu; set & change places with bottom Cu; set & back again ...



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro & Da Capo

Hands across quite round with 2 Cu: & back again in lead down the
middle up again allemand is & turn corners.

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again cross over 1 Cu: half figure round the 3 Cu: & set contrary corners

OR THUS Whole figure at top in lead down the middle up again lead thro the top in & lead outsides in



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Hey on your own sides recoss over I Cu: & half figure round the

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round - & whole poussette -

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Chace round 2 Cu: Set & change places with 2 Cu: turn your parties lead outsides & set contrary corners ::



SINGLE FIGURE

Each strain repeated

Hands Squite round with 2d gent; hands Squite round with 2d lady relead down the middle up again set to top Cu: Tak swing corners

OR THUS The Ist lady turns the 2d gent: the 1st gent: turns the 2dh\_dy swing with right hands round 2d Cur allemande set 3 across & set 3 in your places.

OR THUS The Ist My leads down 2d gent; the Ist gent; leads down 2d gent; the Ist gent; leads down 2d Lady in lead your partner down the middle up again turn your partner in 8.54 contrary corners in



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight throwns. See a half right (1 left with 2d Cu: set & back again - lead down the middle up again - & half poussette with top Cu: -

ORTHUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hand 3 round on the gentiside whead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro' as marked

Swing with right hands round 24 Cu: then with left set 3 across set 3 in your places whole figure contrary corners to chain figure four round with top Cu: \*\* & allemands \*\*\*



SINGLE FIGURE 12 strain repeated 2 played straight time 2. D Co. The I' lady leads down the 2 gents the I' gents leads down the 2 in dy Mead down the middle with your partner up again 2 set to the top Car beautiful.

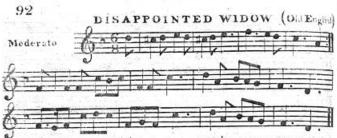
OR THUS Set is hands across quite round with 20 Curret & back again thead down the middle up again to keight & left with the top Current



Cast off 2 Cu: & back again recoss over 1 Cu: half figure round the

OR THUS Chain figure Ground | lead down the middle up again turn your partner | & the double triangle |

OR THUS Whole figure at top - set & change places with 2d Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE! strain repeated 2d played straight thro
Set & hands across quite round round with 2d Cu: set & back again
lead down the middle up again & allemande

OR THUS Set & change places set & back again 1 lead down the middle up again & turn your partner

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked Chain figure 6 round cross over 2 Cu: cross up l Cu: half figure round the top Cu: & lead outsides .



OR THUS Hey on your own sides : lead down the middle up again & lead thro the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats

Cross over 2 Cu: recross up 1 half figure round the top Cu: release thro bottom & top recross contrary corners records.



SINGLE FIGURE

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side hands 3 round on the gent; side hands 4 round on the gent; side hands 5 round on the gent; side hands 6 round on the gent; side hands 7 round on the gent; side hands 8 round on the gent; side hands 9 round

To this tune as is likewise the case with the Downfall of Paris' Scotch Contention: "Rural Felicity or Haste to the Wedding' &c. but one particular figure is denced, I have given the original Guly as a New figure to these tunes however correct would by dancers in general be considered wrong & never used.



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & hands across with 20 Cu; set & back again - lead down the mid
dle up again & right & left with the top Cu; -

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Curset & back again bed down the middle up again & hands four round with the top Cur.

DOUBLE FIGURE Tone played twice thro with repeats
The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent; join hands set & lead thro set & back
again whole poussette to a contrary corners to a whole figure contrary



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & change sides with 2% Cu; set & back again - lead down thend
dle up again & allemende -

OR THUS Whole figure at top 77 lead down the middle up again

DOUBLE FIGURE Tone played twice thro with repeats
they on year own sides to lead down the middle up again turn year
partner turn corners to k lead outsides to

OR THUS Hands across with 2d Cu: & back again to addentify middle up again & lead thro the top Cu: the double triangle to be back of completely round to



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro Hands across with 2d Cu: quite round & back again - lead down the middle up again allemande - & set contrary comers -

OR THUS Swing with right hands round the 2d Cu:then with left lead thro the bottom & top . & swing corners ...

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Cu:set & back again coss over one Cu: half figure round the 3d Cu: - & lead outsides -

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice straight thro
The top Cu: cast off at the same time the 3. Cu: set & lead up then
the 3. Cu: cast off & the top Cu: set & lead up to places. the 3 ladies
lead round the 3 gent: the 3 gent: lead round the 3 ladies whele
poussette turn corners & whole figure contrary corners



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thre. Whole figure at top - lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Hey on your own sides | lead down the middle upa\_ gain & allemande

OUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent? He 3 gent? lead round the DOUBLE FIGURE 3 ladies : cross over 1Cu: half figure round the 3 ! Cu: - & the double triangle



SINGLE FIGURE INGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Cross over 1Cu: half figure round the 3dCu: - & lead outsides -

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - & whole poussette -

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Hey on your own sides lead down the middle up again alle -



SINGLE FIGURE
Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again - & wholepous sette -

OR THUS Whole figure at top be lead down the middle up again & turn your partner be

DOUBLE FIGURE

Each strain repeated

Cross over 2 Cu: Heross up 1 Cu: half figure round the top Cu: turn corners H & lead outsides 1977



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again lead down the
middle up again & set to the top Cu:

Bey on your own sides promenade 3 Cu: whole poussette

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2d Curthen with left set contrary corners lead thro the bottom & right & left with the top Cur lead in figure 4 round with the bottom Cur & allemande



SINGLE FIGURE Time played straight thro
Whole figure at top: lead down the middle up again & setto top Cu:

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round - lead down the middle up again & allemande -

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated hey on contrary sides hey on your own sides promenade 3 Car & whole poussette



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & change sides with 2dCu: set & back again the lead down the middle up again & allemande.

OR THUS Whole figure at top : lead down the middle-up again a chain figure four round with the top Cu. ...

The 1st lady turn the 2d gent; the 1st gent; turn the 2d lady whole poissette ... lead thro the bottom & top ... & turn corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro Whole figure at top - lead down the middle up again & allemande -

OR THUS Hey on your own sides - lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Co:

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Cast off 2 Cu; & back again reress over one Cu; half figure round the



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straigh turn Whole figure on your own side . I lead down the middle up as the coallemande -

OR THUS Hands across with 2d Co: & back again !- lead down tomiddle up again & set to the top Cu: -

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice as marked Set & half right & left with 2d Cu; set & back again ... lead down the middle up again right & left with the top Cu: Turn corners to lead outsides -



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
Set & half right & left with 2 Cu: set & back again in lead down
the middle up again allemande in set contrary corners in & hand
6 round & back again in

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again Tromenade 3 Cu: Tromenade

OR THUS Set & hands across with 2d Cu: set & back again less down the middle up again set to to the top Cu: ... & lead outsides.

Swing with right hands top & bottom ... set 3 across set 3 inyour places ... whole figure contrary corners ... chain figure 4 roundwith bottom Cu: & right & left with the top Cu: ... half poussette withte tom Cu: turn your partner ... chase round the 3d Cu: & lead through the top Cu: ...





HE ORIGINAL FIGURE Each strain repeated The top lady leads down with the 2d gent; at five same time the top THE ORIGINAL FIGURE

gent: crosses over & passes down 2 Cu: on the ladies side, the 2 gent: then lead the lady in Triumph to her place. then the top gent leads down the 2 lady & the 2 gent: crosses over & passes down on the ladies side the gent: then lead the lady up in Triumph to her place !- lead down the mid. dle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

ANOTHER FIGURE, which is sometimes danced Set & change sides with 20 Cur set & back again 17 the 20 gent: leads down the 1st lady at the same time the top gent: passes down outsideon the ladies side, the 2 gent: lead the lady to her place in Triumph !.. lead down the middle up again & half poussette with top Cu: I

The manner of performing the different movements of this figure & the various positions of the Arms will be clearly shown by Diagrams and suitable explanations in the compleat system of English country Dancing"



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Swing with right hands round the 2 Cu: allemande leadthro the bottom - & right & left with the top Cu

OR THUS Lead thro the 2 Cu: Head down the middle & up again turn your partner - 8 half poussette with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats Cross over 1 Cu: half figure round the 3 Cu: cross up1Cu: half figure round the top Cu: chase round the 3 Cu: lead thro the top Cu: Toot corners with the bottom Cu: The & hands 4 round with the top Cu: -



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
Cross over 1 Cu: Half figure round the 3d Cu: hands 4 round
with bottom Cu: & half poussette with the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & change places with 2 d Cut with roun your partner with the chain figure four round at bottom was lead thro the top Cut with the control of the



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro & Da Capo Whole figure at top | lead down the middle up again turn your partner & lead outsides !-

OR THUS Cross over 2 Cu: - cross up 1 Cu: towards the top and half figure round the top Cu: - & the double triangle -

Hey on your own sides chain figure 6 round clead down the middle up again lead thro the top Cu: whole figure round theke tom Cu: turn corners & whole figure contrary corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent: side

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ... & swing with right hands round 2d Cu: then with left ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats

Cas off 2 Cu: & back again reset & hands across quite round with
2d Cu: set & back again relead down the middle up again set to the
top Cu: Research



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu: set & back again lead
down the middle up again allemande & set contrary corners ...

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2 Cu: then with left : set 3 across set 3 in your places : & lead outsides :

DOUBLE FIGURE. Tune played twice thro with repeats

Hands 3 round with 2 dady hands 3 round with 2 gent; promenade 3 Cu; whole poinsette whands 4 round with bottom Custurn your partner west & change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change sides & back again with bottom Custurn your partner was a change side was a change sid



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight throw DC. Hands across with 20 Cur & back again in lead down the middle up again in a lead down the middle up

OR THUS Cross over I Cur half figure round the top Cu: - lead thro the bottom - & turn your partner -

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thre as marked. Hey on your own sides with right hands round the 2d Cut allemands set contrary corners pass round bottom Cut shalf poussette with top Cut set.



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Cast off 2 Cu: & back again lead down the middle up again&alle.

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2dCu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & half poussette with top Cu:

Promenade 3 Cu: The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent: join hands set & lead thro whole poussette ... & the double triangle...



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
The 15t lady meets & turns the 30t gent: the Lady each strains the 30t lady extend down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & change places with Z Cu: allemande thain figure four round with 3 Cu: & right & left with the top Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straightthre. The 1st lady turns the 2d gent; the 1st gents turns the 2d lady. Head down the middle up again & half poussette with top Cu:

OR THUS The Stadies join hands the S gent; join hands set and lead thro set & back again to lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

\*"This Air"k that of the "Rakish Highlandman" are both Scotch tunes omitted in that class by mistake.



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro & Da Capa The 1st Cu: cast off at the same time the 3st Cu: set & lead up to places the 3st Cu: cast off & the 1st Cu: set & lead up to places to proment 3st Cu: whole poussette.

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2 Cur set & back againt lead down the middle up again allemande ... & swing corners ...

DOUBLE FIGURE

Hey on your own sides - chain figure 6 round - swing within hands round the 2. Cu: then with left - set contrary corners - & hands 6 round & back again -



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straighthm. Set & change sides with 2d Curset & back again to lead downstraidle up again and allemande.

Swing with right hands round 2. Cu: then with left is lead to p turn your partner of set contrary corners in half poussettewith top Cu: & hands four round with the bottom Cu:





SINGLE FIGURE

Cast off 2 Cur & back again Fallemande right & left with the 2d cur Flead down the middle up again & set to the top Cur.

OR THUS Whole figure on your own sides - cross over l Cu:half figure round the 3 d Cu: - & the double triangle -

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: the 3 gent; lead round the 3 ladies; hey contrary sides hey on your own side mead down the middle up again lead thro the top Cu. & whole figure contrary corners ...

OR THUS The 1st lady sets to the 2d gent: & turns the 3d the 1st gent: sets to the 2d lady & turns the 3d the promonade 3 Cur the whole pour sette the lead outsides to lead thro the bottom & right & left with the top Cur the

SINGLE FIGURE

Cross over 2d Cu: half figure round the 3d Cu: torn corners bead thro the top & allemande ...



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro & Da Capo Set & change sides with 20 Cu: set & back again lead downthemst dle up again allemande right & left with the top Cu: right & left with the top Cu: right & lead outsides

The insertion of this tune is made by very particular desire, it being a very great favorite; otherways the tunusual length of the 20 strain would have rendered it inadmissable in this collection, as it contain twenty bars without a division, which is two strains and a half of their gular length of strains now used in country dancing (see the Introduction) as this will require in dancing two long and one short Figures therefore for the assistance of the dancer in the more correct performance of the figure to the music, the author has as it were divided that to three divisions or strains \_\_ by placing the figure bar with a single dot under it at the end of the first eight bars, and another at the end of the sixteenth bar and also a bar with a single dot over it for the remaining half strain or last four Bars of the tune \_\_ the figure gives before each bar is the proper Quantity to be performed to each of the strains of the music.



middle up again allemande set contrary corners 8 leadensies



SINGLE FIGURE. Tune played straight thro & Da Capo Whole figure at ten - lead down the middle up again allemande - lead thro bottom & top - & whole figure round the top Cu;

OR THUS Set Schange sides with 2d Curset 8 back again belied down the midfup again Is ad throttle top Curb turn corners by & lead outsides by

OR 1 HUS Chain figure Ground reverse over one Cu; half figure round the 3 Cu; rest centrary corners 8 lead thro bottom & top 7

OR THUS Cross over 2 Cu: Tross up 1 Cu: & half figure round the top Cu: Whole figure round the 3 Cu: Relead thro botton & top T

DOUBLE FIGURE 1st & 2d strains repd 3d played thro & D.C.

Hey contrary sides they on your own sides the whole poussette right & left with the bottom Cu; & turn your partners that seemed the bottom Cu; lead thro the top that figure deround with the bottom Cu; & hands 4 round with the top Cu;

O



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again. lead down the middle up again and
lead thro the top Cu:

OR THUS Hey on your own sides swing with right hands tool the 20 Cu: a turn your partner ...



SINGLE FIGURE. Tune played straight thro & Pa Capo Hands across with 2d Cu; & back again to lead down the middle upagain right & left with the top Cu; The swing corners To

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round recross ever one Cu: half figure rotte 3d Cu: & the double triangle.

Promenade 3 Cu: cast off 2 Cu: & back again cross over 2 Cu: half figure on your own sides up to the top lead thro 2 Cu: lead down the middle up again hands four round with the top Cu: & set contrary corners.



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu: set & back again & & whole pousselve ...

OR THUS. The 1st lady torns the 2st gent; the 1st gent; turns the 2st Tady : Tead down the middle upagain & right & left with top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice throwith repeats
Set & half right & left with 2? Cu: set & back again the Stadies
join hands the Stant: join hands set & lead thro set & back again to lead down the niddle up again & right & left with the top Cu: The swing corners to



SINGLE FIGURE

Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again whole poussette

& lead outsides ...

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round they on your own sides cross over Cu: & half figure round the 3 Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE. Tune played twice thro with repeats
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again promenade 3 Cu: whole figure at
top cross over 2 Cu: half figure up to the top cross over sea Cu: half figure round the top Cu: & half poussette with the top Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro. The 1st lady meet & turn the 2d gent; the 1st gentimeet & turn the 30 lady - lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu :

OR THUS Set &change places with 2 ! Cut allemande : & s is g corners -

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thro as marked. The Pt lady & gent; cast off at the same time the 3% Cu; set? leading then the 3% Cu; cast off & the Pt Cu; set & lead up to places prince nade 3 Cu; cast off & Cu; & back again which right hands round the 2% Cu; then with left.



INGLE FIGURE starting repeated 2d played straight thro. Set a hands across quite round with 2d Curset & back again. lead down the middle up again & allemande

Set & half right & left with 2d Cu: set & back again ... THUS lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro as marked Promenade 3 Cu: : set & change sides with the 2d Cu: set & back lead down the middle up again half poussette with top Cu: To . the double triangle ...



SINGLE FIGURE

Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: E back again - & whole poussette

DOUBLE FIGURE

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: the 3 gent: lead round the 3 ladies = set & change places with 20 Cu; allemande = & whole figure contrary corners =

SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Hands across with 2d Cu: & back again Head down the middle—
up again & allemande House
DOUBLE FIGURE

Hey contrary sides hey on your own sides swing with right hands round the 2 Cu: then with left hehain figure 4 round with bot \_\_\_\_ tom Cu: & half poussette with the top Cu: ...



SING LE FIGURE Each strain repeated
The 1st lady lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent; lead down the 2d gent; the 1st gent; lead down the 2d gent; lead your partner down the middle up again 8 set to top Corr.

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2d Curset & back again ?? swing with right hands round 2d Cur & hands four round with the bottom Cur



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated The 14 lady hands 3 round with the 2d cent; the 14 gent; hands 7 round with the 2d cent; the 14 gent; hands 7 round with the 2d lady : lead down the middle up again & set to the to

OR THUS Set & change places with 2d Cu: set & back again ;; swing with right hands round the 2d Cu: & allemande ;;

Promerade 3 Cu: whole poussette the lady crosses between the 3 deed, whole poussette the lady crosses between the 3 deed, the gent; the gent; at the same time crosses over between the 2 deed dies thouse the ket back turns set to each other than half figure round the 3. Cu: keright & left with the tap Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro & Da Capo Whole figure at top tead down the middle up again allemande . Fr lead outsides

OK THUS Chain figure Ground tress over one Cu; half figure round the 3% Cu; to 8c set contrary corners to

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thro as marked Cast off 2 Cut for tack again to a mensage S City to whole personne to the double triangle - lead thro best me top - beturn corners -



Each strain repeated Set&dangesides with 2º Cutset& back again : & whole possette ...

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2d Cu; then with left ... set contrary corners ∺

Bey on your cwn sides ... premenade 3 Cu: 1ead down the middle up. again set to the top Cu: ... & swing corners ...

This tune althowritten in common time is in reality in See the tenarks on this subject in the Introduction under the best of short measure



The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent; join hands set & lead thro set & back again | lead down themidd? up again & set to the top Cu:

OR THUS The IstCu: cast off at the same time the 3dCu: set & lead upthorthe 3d cast off & the IsCu: lead up to places . & whole poussette .

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides whey on your own sides lead down the middle wagain & right & left with the top Cu: set 3 across & set 3 in your places with the top Cu: when the set of the s



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro & Da Capo Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again - lead down the middle up again allemande - & turn corners -

OR THUS Hands across quite round with 2d Cu; set & back again lead down the middle up again turn your partner & lead outsides on THUS Chain figure 6 round cross over one Cu: half figure 1d the 3d Cu; & set contrary corners

\*To adapt this tune for Country dancing 2 bars have been added to the last strain to make it the proper length as the original contains only 6 bars to fore the D.C. which is 2 bars too much for short & 2 bars too little for long measure



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro & D.C. Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again ... lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again ... swing with right hands round on Cu: A & turn your partner ...

The pauses over the last note of the 2d strain of this & the following tune are given to introduce the bow & curtesy before the Da Capo \_ they are ad libitum, according to the fancy of the dancer; when well performed they are a very graceful appendage to a country dance.



SINGLE FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro & Da Capo Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu; set & back again : lead down the middle up again : & turn your partner:

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2d Cu:set&back again ...

OR THUS Set & change sides with the 2 d Cu; set & back again swing with right hands round the 2 d Cu; in hands 4 round with the top Cu; in



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Whole figure on your own sides blead down the middle up again
set to the top Cu: Set swing corners be

OR THUS Set & change places with 2d Cur set & back again willed down the middle up again allemande with the double triangle with

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round - promenade 3 Cut wing with right hands round 2 Cut & turn your partner -

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent? I the 3 gent? lead round the 3 ladies I whole poussette I whole figure round the 3 Con I lead outsides I & whole figure centrary corners I.

OR THUS Promenade 3 Cu: Cross over I Cu: bell figure round the 3 Cu: turn corners lead thro bettem & tep I sil contrary corners 8 set & half right & left with the 3 Cu: set & hack again I





Set & change sides with 2dCu; set & back again to lead down the mid: up again & right & left with the top Cu; ...

OR THUS The 1st lady turns the 2d gent; the 1st gent; turns the 2d lad dy lead down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

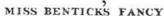
DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again set & hands across quite round with 2 Cu:
set & back again whole poussette whole figure contrary corners with



SINGLE FIGURE It's 2d strain repeated 3d played st thro Set & hands across quite round with 2d Curset & back again prome nade 3 Cur & whole poussette

OR THUS The 1. Cu: cast off the 3. Cu: set & lead up then the 3. Cu: cast off & the 1. Cu: set & lead up to places lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu; . & swing corners ...

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2d Cu; ther with left best centrary corners ... 8: whole figure centrary corners ...





SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The Ist Lady turn 2d gent: the Isgent: turn 2d lady ... lead down the mid\_ dle up again allemande. set 3 across set 3 in your places

ORTHUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gen tlemens side ... whole poussette ... & set contrary corners ....

DOUBLE FIGURE Time played twice thro with repeats Set & half right & left with 2d Curset & back again - lead down the middle up again turn your partner the double triangle wwing corners. set & change places & back again with top Cu: . hands 6 round & backa. gain



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro

Whole figure at top ! lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: -

OR THUS Hey on your own sides lead down the middle up a gain & hands four round with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: The 3 gent: lead round the 3 ladies : lead down the middle up again right & left - & set 3 across & set 3 in your places 🗔



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro Cast off 2 Cu; & back again . & whole poussette .

OR THUS Hands across quite round with 2d Cu: & back again !-

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides hey on your own sides lead down the middle

up again right & left with the top Cu: & swing corners ...



Set & change sides with 2d Curset & back again ! lead down the middle up again & allemande

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round - lead down the middle up again and right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent; I the 3 gent; lead round the 3 ladies 1 lead down the middle up again lead thro the top Cu: - & set con\_trary corners -



OR THUS Chain figure 6 sound - lead down the middle up again & alleminde

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides hey on your own sides cross over one Cu: half figure round the 3d Cu - & set contrary corners



Hey on your own sides : lead down the middle up again & allem? :

OR THUS Cross over two Cu: recross up one Cu: & half figure round thertop Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent; the 3 gent; lead round the 3 ladies : whole poussette ! lead thro the bettern & turn your partner !!



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Cast off 2 Cu: & back again recross over one Cu: half figure round
the 3! Cu: run corners & lead outsides re-

OR THUS Hands across with 2d Cu: & back again promenade 3Cu: whole poussette & whole figure contrary corners

OR THUS Cross over 2 Cu: set & change places with 3 Cu: the double triangle & set contrary corners

This popular & pretended new dance for ISI6 called the Sicilian dance was the La Mignionette cotillion published about the year 1770 & only altered by putting 2 bars of Kammells Rondo at the conclusion of both strains, & to go still further the 1st strain is copied almost nate for note from "The Happy Clown" published about 100 years ago.



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played as marked

The top Cu: swing with right hands round the 2dCu: then withleft the 2dCu: do the same to down the middle up again allemanders swing corners to lead outsides to set 3 across set 3 in your places to lead thro bottom & top to hands fround at bottom & right & left with the top Cu:

\*To account for the unusual length of this tune \_\_it was originally composed for a Quick March, in opposition & partly taken from the French National Air of Ça Ira, it has since become a favorite dance particularly with good dancers. as it requires a very long figure not easily performed by the Tyros in the Art, the above is the original \_\_to those strains that are musually long a bar is placed with a single dot shewing how much figure should be performed to every eight bars of the music in the same manner as if they had been divided into strains of eight bars each.



SINGLE FIGURE

Tune played straight thro

Swing with right hands round 1 Cu: then with left = set 3 across set 3 in your places = & hands 6 round & back again =

DCUBLE FIGURE

Each strain repeated

Set&half right & left with 2!Cu: set &back again hey on your own sides swing with right hands top & bottom set contrary corners right & left with bottom Cu: turn your partner & whole figure contrary corners.



SINGLE FIGURE Time played straight thro

The 1st lady turns the 2d gent: the Ist gent: turns the 2d lady relead

DCUBLE FIGURE

Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides Hey promenade 3 Cu: How whole poussette Head outsides He & the double triangle Head

## DEVIL OR NO DEVIL



SINGLE FIGURE

Tone played straight thre

Set & change sides with 2 d Cu: set & back again to lead down
the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Whole figure at top T cross over one Cu: half figure round
the third Cu: T & turn corners T

\*This tune is published singly by M. Williams Tavistock Street Covent Garden for the P.F. or Harp with Fl. & Vio. Accompts



SING LE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
The 1st lady turn the 2d gent: the Figent: turn the 2d lady lead
down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: back again www. swing with right hands rou! the 2d Cu: & allemands ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Prome nade 3 Cu: Whole poussette Welead thro the bottom & half poussette with the top Cu: X set contrary corners Well



SINGLE FIGURE Time played straight thro

Set & change sides with 2d Cu:set again - lead down the mid dle up again & allemande -

OR THUS The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent; join hands set & lead thro set & back again Head down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides hey on your own sides lead down the middle up again set to the top Cu: & swing corners ...



SINGLE FIGURE

The 1st lady leads down the 2d gent: the 1st gent: leads down the 2d lady I lead down the middle up again with your partner & set to the

DOUBLE FIGURE

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides lead down the mid:

up again lead thro the top Cu: 8 set contrary corners



Set & hands across quite round with 2 Cu: set & back again : lead down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

OR THUS Swing with right hands round the 2d Cu: then with left set 3 across & set 3 in your places

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats.

Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side ::

the 1st lady turns the 2d gent; the 1st gent; turns the 2d lady :: prome\_nade 3 Cu: & whole poussette ::



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro
Set & change sides with 2 Cu: set & back again lead down the
middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again swing with right hands round the 2 Cu: & allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides ... Hey on your own sides ... lead down the mid\_dle up again lead thro the top Cu: ... set 3 across & set 3 in your places ...

OR THUS The 1st Cu: cast off at the same time the 3d Cu: set clead up then the 3d Cu: cast off & the 1st Cu: set & lead up to places set & change places with the 2d Cu: turn your partner set contrary corners hands 4 round at bottom & half poussette with the top Cu:





SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - & whole poussette -

OR THUS Swing with right hands round the 2d Cu: then with left - & set contrary corners -

DOUBLE FIGURE

Each strain repeated The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: The 3 gent: lead round the 3 ladies lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu: Tlead thro the bot \_ tom & right & left with the top Cu:

## DEVONSHIRE HORNPIPE



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played strait thro

Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu: set & back again - lead down the middle up again & allemande

OR THUS Hey on your own sides - lead down the middle up again & allemande

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Set & change places with 2d Cu: turn your partner -set 3 across set 3 inyour places whole figure contrary corners thain figure four round at top & load thro the bottom Cu:



corners -

OR THUS Hands 6 round & back again -lead down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: the 3 gent: lead round the 3 ladies whole poussett 7 & set 3 across & set 3 in your places 7

N.B. This & the following Tunes are selected for Hornpipes as being the lest adapted to that speceis of Dancing amongst them will be found most of the Old Celebrated Hornpipes to which the Author has subjoined Country Dance. figures for those that wish to use them as Country Dances



Set & change sides with 2d Cur set & back again Flead down the middle up again & allemande F

OR THUS The Lst lady turns the 2d gent; the Lst gent; turns the 2d lead down the middle up again & right ( left with top Cu;

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides promenade 30 hole poussette ...



Set & hands across quite round with 2d Curset & back again. leaddown the middle up again & allemande

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again with right hands round 2. Cu: & right & left with 3. Cu:



OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2dCu: set & back again H and

DOUBLE FIGURE

Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides the top Curcast off at the same time the 34 Curset & lead up then the top Curset & lead up & 3. Curcast off to places Head down the middle up again & allemande ...

\*This tune with a litte alteration constitutes what is now called the cackoo's Nest from which it was taken





Set & hands across quite round with 2 Cu: set & back again - leaddown the middle up again & right & left with top Cu: -

OR THUS The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent; join hands set & lead throset & back again - & whole poussette -

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent; I the 3 gent; lead round the 3 ladies I lead down the middle up again set to top Cu; & the double triangle



SINGLE FIGURE (Tune played straight thro')
The I'd lady leads down the 2d gent: the I'd gent: leads down the 2d lady lead your partner down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladie side hands 3 round on the gent: side Fleaddown the middle up again & right & left with top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Swing with right hands round 2dCu: then with left recutrary corners whole figure contrary corners & set 3 acress & set 3 in your places.

\*This is likewise called the Egg Hornpipe



Set & hands across quite round with 2 Cu: set & back again !-

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side & 2d lady passes under to her place hands 3 round on the gent; side & the 2d gent passes under to his place head down the middle up again & all de hands

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Swing with right hands round 2d Cu: & back again prom! SCu:
whole pous: Plead thro the bottom & chain figure From d with top Cu:

## SHUTERS HORNPIPE



Cast off 2 Cur & back again lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cur 77.

OR THUS Set & half right & left with 2d Cur set & back again - lead down the middle up again & allemande -

DOUBLE FIGURE

The 1st lady turn the 2d gent; the 1st gent; turn the 2d lady. Hey on your own sides wis swing with right hands round 2d Cu; then with left of set contrary corners.



Hey on your own sides tead down the middle up again & set to

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent 5 side - lead down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu;

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: The 3 gent; lead round the 3 ladies The promenade 3 Cu: Lead down the middle up again & allemande The strain repeated)



Hands across with 2dCu: quite round & back again lead down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

OR THUS Swing with right hands round 2d Cu: allemande & set contrary corners ...

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
Set & change places with 2 Curset & back again cast off 2 Curseak
again whole poussette & the double triangle.



SINGLE FIGURE (Tune played straightthro)

Set & change sides with 2d Cu: set & back again - lead down the mid:
up again & turn your partner -

OR THUS Hey on your own sides lead down the middle up again& set to top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Cast off 2 Cu: & back again - swing with right hands round 2.d Cu:
then with left - set 3 across set 3 in your places - & hands 6 round -



Set ( hands across quite round with 2 Cur set & back again - leaddown the middle up again & turn your partner -

OR THUS The Bladies join hands the Bgent: join hands set & lead thro' set & back again - lead down the middle up again & set to top Cu: -

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)
The Bladies lead round the 3 gent: Interest lead round the 3ladies Interest lead down the middle up again allemande & set 3 across & set 3 in year places ...





SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro)

Set & change sides with 2d Cur set & back again the lead down the mid:

up again & hand four round with top Cur.

OR THUS Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gent; side

DOUBLE FIGURE (Tune played twice thre' with repeats)

Swing with right hands round 2dCu: then with left whole figure contrary corners set & half right & left with 3dCu: set & back again the top Cu: & allemande



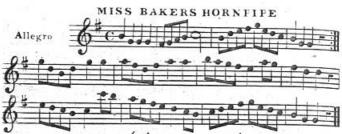
SINGLE FIGURE (Tune played straight thro')

Hey on your own sides - lead down the middle up again & hands four round with top Cu: -

OR THUS The 1st lady leads down the 2d gent: the 1st gent: leads down the 2d lady - lead your partner down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE (Each strain repeated)

Set & change sides with 2 dCu: set & back again promenade of the whole poussette = & the double triangle = ...



SINGLE FIGURE (1st strain repeated 2d played straight thro)
Hands 3round on the ladies side hands 3round on the gent: side head
down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

OR THUS The 1st & 2d ladies cross over between the 2 gent; & back the 1st & 2d gent; cross over between the 2 ladies & back again : lead down the middle up to the top & cast round the top Cu:

OR THUS Set & change sides with 2 dCu; set & back again : lead down the middle up again & right & left with top Cu;

# CORSAIR HORNPIPE



SINGLE FIGURE (Tune played straight thro')

Set & hands across quite round with 2d Cu: set & back again leaddown
the middle up again & right & left with top Cu

OR THUS Whole figure at top Flead down the middle up again & set to top Cu:

The 1st lady sets to the 2d gent; & turns the 3d the 1st gent; sets to the 2d lady & turns the 3d the below the 2d lady & turns the 3d the below the set contrary corners to

DORSETSHIRE HORNPIPE



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro Set & hands across quite round with 2. Cu: set & back again lead down the middle up again & allemande -

OR THUS Set & change places with 2d Custurn your partner ...

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated
Hey contrary sides Hey on your own sides whole poussette



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro & D.C.
The 3 ladies join hands the 3 gent; join hands set & lead thro set and back again plead down the mid! up again lead thro the top Cu: turn corners.

OR THUS Cast off 2 Cu: & back again swing with right have round 2d Cu: & allemande & & set contrary corners.

DOUBLE FIGURE Tone played twice as marked. The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: the 3 gent: I had round the 3 ladies that down the n iddle up again right & left the set 3 a cross & set 3 in your places thand fround the swing corners to



SINGLE FIGURE Tune played straight thro Set & change sides with 2d Cu; set & back again relead down the middle up again & turn your partner.

OR THUS Swing with right hands round the 2d Cu: allema :-

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

Hey contrary sides hey on your own sides promenade 3Ch;

lead down the middle up again & set to the top Cu:



Hands 3 round on the ladies side hands 3 round on the gentlemens side. lead down the middle up again & turn your partner.

OR THUS Set & hands across with 2d Cu: set & back again bed down the middle up again & right & left with the top Cu:

DOUBLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 3 ladies lead round the 3 gent: I the 3 gent; lead round the 3 ladies I lead down the n.iddle up again hands four round with the Cu; I & set contrary corners.

## L'AUGUSTIN WALTZ



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated
The 1st lady tains the 2d gent; a-la waltz the 1st gent; turns the
2d lady a-la waltz whole poussette.

DOUBLE FIGURE Tune played twice thro with repeats Chain figure G round with progressive waltz step : swin, with right hands round the 2% Cu: (with progressive waltz step) in with left : swing corners alla waltz : lead thro the bottom E waltz round with your partner :

N.E. To render this species of Music more useful to the dancer & nore general in its application than waltzes now published are, the Author has set to them a few figures entirely adapted to that new & elegant system of dancing called Country dance Waltzing or Waltz Country dancing

The new species of Waltzing so denon insted is entirely of the Authors invention, & being of a more recent date than that given in his last "Treatise on German & French Waltzing?" is of course whelly different from it —— this note therefore is requisite to prevent those who are unacquainted with the various kinds of waltzing from supposing that work to be deficient on this account ——A Treatise on this new department of waltzing is now preparing for the lasts & in the mean time any instruction on this head may be acquired by applying at the authors residence



SINGLE FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 18 lady turns the 29 gent: a-la waltz the 18 gent; turns the 29 gent; wing with right lands round the 29 Cu; & set to your part.

## 14.2

#### MOZARTS MILITARY WALTZ





The Author has unfortunately pledged himself in the preface to lessest only such tenses in this collection as were perfectly adapted to the still of walking, but on second recollection he fears it willberguiste to from theme that have I he count toll he what reason/become facility with its Tublicsystan sea only about for walking at all—the above is a speciment, & whether composed by Mozart as its range implies or not seems exibently taken from an old time called the Ghom March 's great part of it is better calculated as a Troopform Coups of Licensen ers than for an assemblage of Waltzers; but DE, GUSTIBUS NON EST DISPUTANDUM"



WALTZ FIGUR Each strain repeated The  $\Gamma'$  lady metric S turns the  $2^d$  gent; a-la waltz the  $\Gamma'$  gent arms the lady D'' wing with right bands round the  $2^d$  Cu: & waltz half poussette with sauteuse step  $\Gamma'$ 



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated
The P<sup>t</sup> lady meets & turns the 2d gent; a-la waltz the P<sup>t</sup> gent; turns the 2d lady do → promenade 3. Cu; a-la waltz → whole pous sette → & turn corners →

OR THUS The 3 ladies & the 3 gent; set to each other with set ting waltz step ... waltz whole poussette with sauteuse step ... & wing corners a-la waltz ...



WALTZ FIGURE 1st 2d strains repeated 3rd played straight thro
The 1st lady meets & turns the 2d gent: a-la waltz the 1st gentsmets
& turns the 2d lady do :- swing with right hands (round the 2d Cu:
with progressive waltz step) then with left :- & swing corners a-la
waltz :-

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round with progressive waltz step. promenade 3 Cu: a-la waltz read down the middle up again & waltz round with & turn your partner.

### THE ROYAL WALTZ



WALTZ FIGURE 1st & 3d strains repeated 2d played straight thro
The 3 ladies & the 3 gent; set to each other with setting waltz step ...
lead down the middle up again with progressive waltz step turn your
partner ... & swing corners a-la waltz ...

OR THUS . Chain figure G round with progressive waltz step waltz whole poussette with sauteuse step & turn corners a-la waltz

## PRUSSIAN OR BATH WALTZ



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated
Chain figure Ground with progressive waltz step waltz whole
poussette with sauteuse step ... & swing corners a la waltz ...

OR THUS The Sladies turn their partners a la waltz : prome-nade 3Cu; with progressive waltz step : swing with right hands round the 2dCu; & chain figure four round at bottom with progressive waltz step ::

BRUNSWICK WALTZ



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated

The 1st lady meet & turn the 2d gent, a-la waltz the 1st gent, turns the 2d lady do waltz whole poussette water corners a-lawaltz

OR THUS Chain figure 6 round with progressive waltz step 1 down the middle & up again a-la waltz lead thro the top Cu: and turn corners

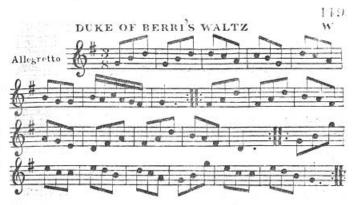


WALTZ FIGURE 1.t strain repeated 2d played straight thro & Da Capo
The 1.t lady meets & turns the 2d gent; a—la waltz the 1.t gent; meets
& turns the 2d lady do 1.t lead down the middle up again & lead throthe
top with progressive waltz step ...



WALTZ FIGURE 1st & d strains repeated 2d played thro & Da Capo Chain figure 6 round with progressive waltz step. lead down the middle up again & turn your partner a - la waltz & turn corners a - la waltz

OR THUS The 3 ladies & the 3 gent; set to each other with setting waltz step ... promenade 3 Cu: turn your partner a-la waltz & whole poussette with sauteuse step ...



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated
The 3 ladies & the 3 gent; set to each other with setting waltz step waltz whole poussette ... & swing corners a-la waltz ...



WALTZ FIGURE 1st strain repeated 2d played straight & D.C.

The 1st 1. dy meets & turns the 2d gent; a-la waltz the 1st gent; turn the 2d lady do - swing with right hands round the 2d Cu: (with progressive waltz step) & then with left -

OR THUS The 3 ladies & the 3 gent; waltz with each other : lead down the middle up again with progressive waltz step : & half poussette with sauteuse step : ...



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated
The 3 ladies waltz with their partners the 3 gent: waltz whole
poussette with sauteuse step & swing corners a la waltz.

OR THUS The 1st lady meets & turns the 2d gent: a-la waltz the 1st gent: meets & turns the 2d lady Do Head down the middle up again with progressive waltz step & turn your partner Head throthe bottom & half poussette with the bottom Cu:



WALTZ FIGURE 1st 2d&3d strains repeated last played thro &D.C.
The 3 ladies set to the 3 gent: with setting waltz step romenade
3 Cu: a la waltz whole poussette with sauteuse step relead thro the
bottom & waltz half poussette with top Cu:

OR THUS The first lady meets & turns the 2d gent; a-la waltz the 1st gent; meets & turns the 2d lady D? I lead down the middle up again with progressive waltz step & turn your partner turn corners lead thro the top & waltz & chain figure 4 round ...



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated

The Let Lady turns the 2d gentra-la waltz the Pd gent; turns the 2d lady d2 Head down the middle up again with progressive waltz step led thro the top Cu: He swing corners a-la waltz Head

OR THUS Promenade 3 Cu: a-La waltz-whole poussette with soutense step ; chain figure four round with 3 Cu: & turn your portner ;

OR TEUS The 3 ladies & the 3 gent; set to each other with setting waltz step ... swing with right hands round the 2 d Curhalfpoor settle with the bottom Cur. E swing corners a-la waltz.



WALTZ FIGURE Each strain repeated
The 3 ladies set to the 3 gent; with setting waltz step waltz whele
poussette with sauteuse step & swing corners a-la waltz







The Author trusts that the Allemandes given in this collection the not numerous will be found Correct & in the true Allemandes tyle & thoroughly adapted to that beautiful species of dancing











The dimensions of this work will not admit a great number of Cotillions such however as are insertedmay be depended upon as real Cotillions on posed in the original triple time which is alone proper for that species of dancing of late it has been customary to adapt to tillion figures to common time a system equally absord as to walk a Minuset to the Belliste March or Tom Tollis Hempipe—No doubt the thing if determined upon may be done but I will leave the reader to Imagine with what I ropriety











## LA CHASSE DE GARDE COTILLION











As the limits of this work will not admit of a large collection of Minuels & Gavots only a few of the most Celebrated have been selected and such as are more particularly adopted to school teaching.















#### KING GEORGE THE THIRD'S MINUET





#### BIRTH DAY MINUET



#### GIORDANIS MINUET











#### VESTRIS'GAVOTTE





GUARACHA DANCE OR CARTHAGINIAN FANDANGO









6-11-55 6 Profession de la literation de la lateration de lateration de la lateration de lateration de la lateration de lateration de lateration de la lateration de la lateration de laterati 



\* In a Companion to the Ball Room it is necessary to insert a few.

Marches for the purpose of Promonading to render the work complete

#### 178 LABELLE ASSEMBLEE MARCH



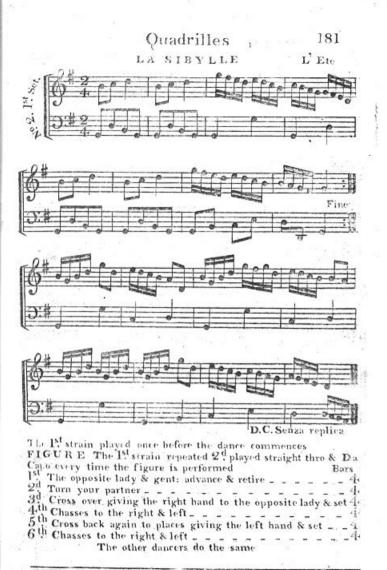
\*As a March should always precede the Waltzing this was composed in weltz-time for that purpose & to show the connection between Triple and Common Time the Former will be an imitation of the Latter if properly played.











The various figures given in these Cuadrilles are generally danced at the Quadrille parties of the nobility & gentry & the different steps adapted to them may be learnt of M! Wilson either technically or otherwise.





Quadrilles may be composed either in triple or in commontime - the tunes should however be of French origin or composed in the same easy style - See preface to Quadrille Instructor P.1.

right to places -

& set



The other dancers do the same When all the Couples have finished the dance then hands all round for the finale which will take the first strain once

4th The opposite lady & gent; change places giving right

5th Cross over back again giving left hands





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La Trenise D.C. Senza replica The P strain played once before the dance commences
FIGURE The P strain repeated 20 & 30 played straight thro &
the Copo every time the figure is repeated. Da Copo every time the figure is repeated.

17 24) the ladies & gentlemen advance & form 2 transverse lines finding different ways & set.

28 A wing round with right bands to places.

29 Courses all & oblique set & back again.

20 Course Couples promenade.

30 Chain aughsise. The other dancers do the same



The other dancers do the same





190

The 1st strain played once before the dance commences. FIGURE Tune played twice thro' with Da Capo every time the figure is repeated.

0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
The opposite lady & gent: cross over set to each other
hasses to the right & lett [bars] 8
The same back again 8
Their partners cross over & chasses to the right & left, 8
The same back again 8
Promenade opposite couples 8

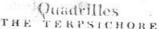
6. The Ladies chain round & turn their partners.

The other dancers do the same Note - The figures set to the Quadrilles in this work are dif-ferent from those already aublished which are so well known into save the trouble of writing new ones are copied into almost every cell." Lately published \_\_ all these figures are explained by Diagrams in the Cuadrille Instructor recently published by the same Author.



The first strain played once before the dance commences. FIGURE Tune played twice thro' & Da Capo every time the fi gure is performed I. The opposite lady & gent: advance & retire chasses to the Bars right & to the left. \_ 2d Their partners do the same \_ - - -3. Set to your partner with balote & change places set and back again - - - - -4th The four ladies meet in the centre set and pass their partners on the left to places - - - -5th The four gent: meet in the centre set & pass their part. ners on the right to places - - - -6th All eight chasse twice across & back again

The other dancers do the same.



192

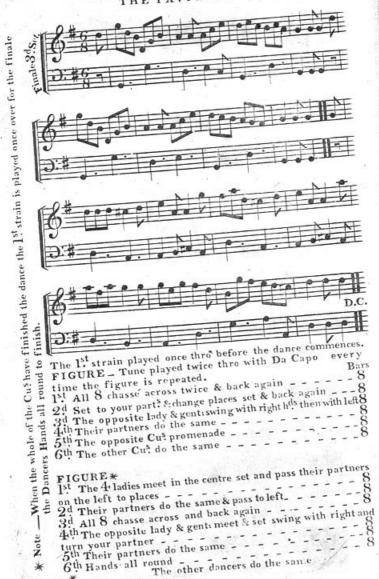


The 1st strain played once before the dance commences. FIGURE Tane played twice thro with Da Capo everytime the figure is repeated.

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The other dancers do the same

# Quadrilles





#### ORIGINAL FIGURE

TO

### Joan Sanderson:

THE

### OLD CUSHION DANCE.\*

This Dance is begun by a Single Person (Man or Woman) who taking a Cushion in their hands, dances round the room, and at the end of the tune, they stop and sing—

"This Dance it will no farther go."

Musician—"I pray, good Sir, why say you so?

Man—"Because Joan Sanderson will not come to!"

Musician—"She must come to, and she shall come to, and she must come whether she will or no."

<sup>\*</sup> The original Tune and Figure, of this old Dance is here given verbatim, for the purpose of shewing the difference between the manners and customs of Ball Room Dancing a century ago and these of the present time. The reader on examining this Dance, will at once perceive the necessity of modernizing the Figure and Dialogue (as may be seen in Page 195) to render it more suitable to the present time. It is also tolerably evident, that the old Tune is not quite calculated for the modern ear. The Author has therefore given another, which he conceives better adapted for that purpose; the age of this Dance remains unknown, as the copy from which it was taken was published eighty-five years since, and it was then called an Old Dance. This Figure has at various times been danced to different tunes, the original being nearly obsolete, and generally disliked.

Then the Man lays down the Cushion before a woman, on which she kneels and he kisses her, singing—

"Welcome! Joan Sanderson! Welcome!"

Then she rises, takes up the Cushion, and both Dance, singing-

"Prinkum Prankum is a fine dance,

"And shall we go Dance it once again, once again,

"And once again, and shall we go Dance it once again." Then making a stop, the Woman sings as before—

"This Dance it will no further go."

Musician-" I pray you, Madam," &c.

Woman-" Because John Sanderson," &c.

Musician-" He must come to, and he shall, &c.

And so she lays the Cushion before a Man, who kneeling upon it, salutes her, she singing—

"Welcome! John Sanderson! Welcome!"

Then he taking up the Cushion, they take hands and Dance round, singing as before, and thus they do until the whole Company is taken into the Ring. Then the Cushion is laid before the first Man; the Woman singing—

" This Dance," &c.

As before; only instead of "come to," they sing "go fro"; and instead of "Welcome! John Sanderson," &c. they sing—Farewell! John Sanderson; Farewell! Farewell!" and so they go out, one by one, as they came in.

<sup>\*</sup> The Woman is kissed by all the Men in the ring at her coming in and going out; likewise the Man by all the Women.

#### FIGURE

TO THE

### new cushion dance.\*

Before this Dance commences, the Company should be all seated round the room, then the Dance is begun by a single Gentleman; it may be by either Lady or Gentleman. If a Gentleman, he takes the Cushion in his hand, or throws it over his shoulder, and dances round the room to the Music, stops at any Lady he pleases, and lays the Cushion at her Feet, the Music ceases; at the same time the Gentleman says to the Musician,

"This Dance will no further go.?"

Musician—" Why, Sir, say you so?"

Gentleman—" Because the Lady wont come to."

Musician—" She must and shall come to."

† It is sometimes danced with only saying "She wont come too," leaving out the words "This Dance will no

further go."

<sup>\*</sup> The great alteration that time has produced in our customs and manners since the old Dance was first composed (although it was for years very popular) has now rendered it by no means adapted to the Public Ball Room: nor has the Author permitted it at any of his Balls, or ever seen it attempted in public more than once: it is now confined to private companies, and those generally in the country. It is therefore only given here, by very particular request, as it was contended, that as long as this was a favourite dance with some companies, though probably it might not, according to strict Etiquette, be adapted to the Public Ball Room; yet it ought not to be omitted in a Companion to the Ball Room, to render it more suitably adapted to the present time and manners. Some of the superfluous dialogue is left out, and the other modernized; and a new Tune has been given to it.

The same words are used by the Lady, where she says it before the *Gentleman*, with only this alteration, that instead of *Lady*, she says—

"The Gentleman wont come too."

The Lady must then kneel down, and the Gentleman salutes her.

They rise, and then the Lady takes the Cushion, dances round, leading the Gentleman with her left hand; sometimes they lightly take hold of each others dresses: she then, in the same manner, lays it before a selected Gentleman, who kneels down and kisses her. Then the second Gentleman takes the Chushion as before, and lays it at the feet of another Lady, and so on alternately to every Lady and Gentleman, till they are all joined in the dance; who then join hands, make a ring, and dance round once, then stand still, while the Gentleman (or Lady as it may be) that begun the Dance, takes the Cushion as before, lays it at the feet of any Lady he pleases and salutes her; then raising up the Lady, bows to her and leaves the circle, the Lady saying,-

"Farewell! Sir."

The Lady then takes the Cushion, they all hands round again, and all stop for the Lady to select a Gentleman to lay the Cushion to, who kneels, salutes her, the Gentleman raises her up, she courtesys and retires, the Gentleman saying—

" Farewell, Madam, or Miss."

And so on till they are all gone out of the circle one by one as they came in.



SINGLE FIGURE.

Each Strain repeated.

Set and change sides with second couple, set and back again : lead down the middle up again, set to the top couple : and swing corners :

OR THUS: Set and hands across quite round with second couple, set and back again : whole pousette : set three across and three in your places.

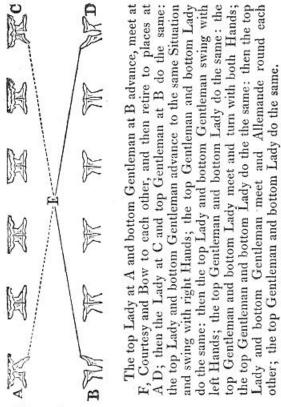
\* This Tune has also a secondary name, derived from the name of the Dance to which it properly belongs, which is the Finishing Dance. The whole of the Movements of the Figures and Positions of the Arms are described and shewn by Diagrams in the following pages.

## Sir Roger de Coverley,

OR

#### THE FINISHING DANCE

FIG. I.



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Reference				
•	LADIES' LINE			II

## Sir Roger de Coverley,

OR

## THE FINISHING DANCE

FRG. H.

every Couple till they come to the Bottom, the Lady moving in the The top Couple at A B, pass each other at E, and cross over Direction C D, and the Gentleman in the Line little c and d.\*

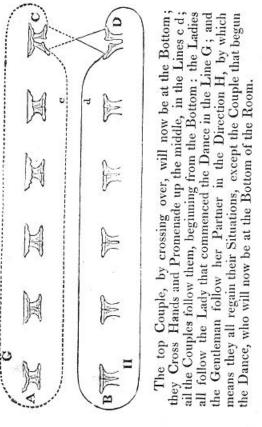
missing a Couple every time; in crossing, the Lady passes in front of the \* Should the set be very long, they may cross over every other Couple, Gentleman, that is, always passing the Gentleman on her Right Hand.

## Sir Roger de Coverley,

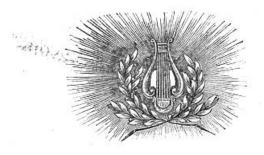
OR

## THE FINISHING DANCE

FIG. HH.



N.B. This Dance may be performed by any Number of Persons.



## DISSEBUATION

ON THE

### PRESENT STATE

OF

#### THE ENGLISH BALL ROOM.

-cill>Odine-

When Dancing is considered as an Amusement, that has been practised in all ages and countries either in rude or civilized Society, and that it has for many Years past, by its simple Construction, and the Improvements it has received from ingenious Professors, obtained a high Situation among the Arts; and having in this Country, and indeed all over civilized Europe, long constituted one of the principal Branches of Polite Education, it may be ventured to be said, that the number of Teachers employed in this Art, is equal, if not superior, to any other. By such a number of

Teachers, on a subject, so generally interesting and instructive to a great number of persons, it is not a little surprising, that more should not have been written, particularly on ENGLISH COUN-TRY DANCING, which is not only considered our national Dance, but so universally practised as an Amusement throughout the United Kingdom. It can only be accounted for, in the Supposition, that those Teachers qualified for the task withheld their Information, considering it too valuable to themselves, and as calculated to become injurious to their Interest in their Profession to impart it to the Public, for that Remuneration, which they might expect to derive from the sale of a few copies of a Book, besides fearing to risk the Expence,\* or take the trouble of compiling and of attending to the Publication of a book themselves; and others, whose Liberality would overrate their Circumstances in the imparting of their Knowledge to the Public, and who cannot consequently become their own Publishers, are prevented from writing, as the little Remuneration likely to be obtained would be totally inadequate to their labours, the Subject being such a one as few Publishers and Booksellers understand, disables them from conceiving the true value of

<sup>\*</sup> There would be no fear of the Author of this Work being envied as a publisher, either by the public or professional persons, if they knew how little he has hitherto got by publishing his several works on Dancing.

publications embracing it: these appear to be the principal Reasons why more has not been written on Ball Room Dancing.

There are many able Teachers, whose theoretical and practical Knowledge has given them an Opportunity of observing the imperfect state of Ball Room Dancing, particularly that social Department of it "English Country Dancing": therefore, had the Subject been taken up sooner, the evil complained of must have been of less Magnitude, and in a great measure removed; for, by a proper Exposition of the bad Habits and Inconsistencies, that have, and still prevail, and by laying down the Etiquette and true Principles of the several Dances, with Instructions for their respective performance, those persons who had not been taught properly,\* would have seen the necessity and advantage of correcting, reforming, and removing, a number of improper and ridiculous Habits, in which Ball Room Dancers are too frequently apt to indulge themselves; many of whom have copied from others, not being aware of the Propriety or Impropriety of such Imitation.

So many causes for Complaint existing of the miserable state of our Ball Room Dancing, particularly English Country Dancing, our boasted national Dance, and which (if the present

<sup>\*</sup>The principal blame, as afterwards shewn, ought to be attached to the Teachers, and not the pupils and the public.

plan is pursued, will soon become a disgrace to the country) it is necessary for its Improvement, that its neglected state be shewn, and where and on whom ought to fall the Blame; and that a Remedy be pointed out, not only for the Direction of those who wish to improve, but also to answer the purpose of those who may be about to learn.

In speaking merely of English Country DANCING, it is no wonder, that there should be so great a number of Persons laying claim to a Knowledge of that department of Ball Room Dancing, for on the principles already pursued, it is impossible that it should be otherwise, either in Theory or Practice:\* it may be said, without fear of contradiction, that a great number of Persons, who call themselves Dancers, and who are deemed so by others, are unworthy of that Name, although in the constant Habit of frequenting the Ball Room, possessing none of the Requisites of a Dancer, not even in English Country Dancing, which is only one Department of the Art, requiring in its attainment no very extraordinary Genius, Capacity, or Exertion, in comparison with some of the other Departments of Dancing; yet those persons are, from long habit, and not having been corrected, so confirmed in their Absurdities, as to believe, that their Style, Manner, and Execution, is the

<sup>\*</sup> The Author has been long employed on a work, entitled a Complete System of English Country Dancing; in which he will endeavour to shew the true principles of English Dancing.

very Acmé of Perfection; and some, having Fortune and Situation to give them an Ascendancy in Companies and Assemblies they frequent, their Errors and bad Habits, instead of being avoided by others, are more frequently imitated, and particularly by those who have not had the Advantages of good But the greatest Blame will attach Instruction. itself to certain Teachers of Dancing, particularly of English Country Dancing, from whose Idleness and Inattention, their Pupils have been induced to believe, that neither Talent or Practice were required in Country Dancing: those Persons, by their Example of treating this Department so very lightly, as to make it consist only of a few trifling Figures, and almost without any Steps. Many Persons have acquired an Idea that they may easily become their own Teachers, with the Assistance of what they call-Imitations from others, at Balls and Assemblies, and soon become (what they think) good Dancers, for the want of sufficient Discernment to remedy their Errors.

There would be but little occasion for Teachers, if the present System of Ball-Room Dancing were to continue. It is almost impossible to find a set of tolerable good Country Dancers, particularly at a Public Ball.

It may be added, that, associating with persons of the Description already mentioned, and consequently not having useful Examples given, by which a Stimulus would be afforded, is one reason why so many Persons live for years in Ignorance of the state of their own Abilities in Dancing, continuing satisfied with themselves, and unaware, that should they ever join a Company of good Dancers; they would be exposed to the Censure of all those who possess a proper Knowledge of what Ball Room Dancing is, or ought to be.

It is no uncommon thing to see two or three hundred Persons assemble, for the express purpose of Dancing Country Dances-all of whom are, in their own Opinions, Dancers; and the Majority eagerly contending for the Call, to have the Priviledge of selecting and leading off the Dance, for the purpose of giving the company a Specimen of their Abilities; and, on the Master of the Ceremonies, or any other Director of such an Assembly, calling up the Numbers, these persons stand up with so much confidence, as to induce a Stranger . to suppose, that they are, what they are but Imitators of, Good Dancers, and that they possess a perfect Knowledge of both the Figures and Music: and when Complaint is made, by the Master of the Ceremonies, the answer given is, "I learnt Dancing, Sir, when at School, and have lately danced at the Assemblies at Bath and several others, equally, if not more fashionable, and have had the Honor of having been selected to be partner and of Dancing with my Lord or my Lady ---."

With these Opinions of themselves, it is no uncommonthing to see persons officiously obtain a Call, and, instead, of selecting a proper Tune and Figure

thoroughly adapted to the Music and suitable to the Talents of the Company, and supplying the proper Steps to various parts of the Figure, and by their manner and style of Dancing setting an Example worthy of being followed by the Company, always to be expected from those calling the Dance, it too frequently and unfortunately occurs, particularly for those who assemble to receive the Enjoyment which Assemblies for Dancing are intended and calculated to produce, that these officious Leaders, in the first place, in setting a Figure to the Dance, choose one either too long or too short; and if they are not checked, or obliged to try another, and sometimes a third (which is generally dictated by some other person) and even then, it frequently happens, that when a Figure is set wrong at first, for the want of Ability in the Company to discover the Error, the Dance is suffered to go on to the End, and the whole Company are made uncomfortable, by Dancing out of Time during its Continuance.

To say nothing of their want of a Knowledge of the *Proper Steps*, a Deficiency too commonly prevalent, should a difficult Dance, and even only one moderately so, be proposed, with a double Figure for them to lead, and an Explanation required by the Company, they are equally unable to afford it, as they are of shewing a correct Specimen; the Attempt would only expose and confirm their Ignorance, and therefore they are the most wise who decline the Risk. Such bad Examples, arising from the Ignorance of

the Persons calling the Dance, and to whom the Company, from Motives of Courtesy, feel inclined to trust, have the Effect of producing that Chaos of Confusion, which is calculated only to prevent those who wish to derive Enjoyment from the social Enjoyments of the Ball Room from obtaining it; this Ignorance of the Figures, and the improper Application of them to the Music, producing nothing less inconsistent than a Blundering Shuffling and pulling about Effect from one Side to the other.

It sometimes happens, that some, possessing a Knowledge of that part of the Figure in which others are deficient, in attempting to aid their getting through the Dance, only assist in preventing the Harmony, Regularity and pleasing Beauty of the necessary Movements, and thereby destroy the Effect altogether, of what is capable of being produced by even a small Party of good Dancers. It is well known, that many Persons attempt to call up Dances who know not even the Names of the Figures, much less the Manner of performing them; and it may be easily imagined in what a Dilemna those Persons must appear to be in, particularly to an attentive Observer.

Among Modern Ball Room Dancers, it is very common to see many Persons in their performance of the Figure, without any attention to the Music, run through them with such Rapidity, as generally to finish them before the Music allowed to their Performance and to which they are set, whether a

Strain or half a Strain, is played out; and immediately to commence another figure, not having either Knowledge or Ability to wait for the time. Should the Error be even attempted to be corrected by others, it does not very unfrequently occur, that they are prevented, performing them correctly through the Fear of their Ignorance being detected, being generally at great Loss, from having no Knowledge whatever of the regular Steps, and knowing that, without a proper Knowledge, any Attempts to fill up the Time, by setting or performing a Step, would render them still more open to Exposure; the Figure of the Dance is consequently generally finished before the Musician has little more than half finished the Music, so that the Dance is begun again in the middle of the Tune, and sometimes in the middle of the Strain; the Consequence is therefore of no Moment, what Tune or Figure is selected, for those Persons who consider an attention to the correct Performance of the Dance of no Consequence, conceiving, as they do, that any thing will do, so long as a shuffling and scraping can be continued to Music, played as quick as it is possible to be played, and be (what they term) a merry Tune, measuring the quality by the Time, instead of the Composition, the Quickness serving to conceal their Defects; and yet those are the very Persons who have, or pretend to have, Scruples in the Choice of both Tune and Composition.

Improvement with some is quite out of the question; particularly with those Dancers, who will never acknowledge that they have, what is termed a bad Ear; and when they are out of Time, being unable to make the Figure answer to the Music, the blame is attached to the Musicians, or the Figure declared to be wrong set,\* and not answering the Tune.

It has been frequently observed (and with Concern) by those who are better acquainted, that Dances have been performed, and some of which have been of the Author's own Composition, in which great Care has been taken and employed in setting an appropriate Figure, so as to produce Novelty and Variety in the Dance, and give the Dancers an Opportunity of displaying their Abilities to Advantage; but, in its Performance, from the Inability of the Dancers, half the Figure has been left out. The Reason it has occurred has been through their Ignorance, the short or half Figures being made to take the time of whole or long figures. For Instance, should a Figure for a Dance be composed and set for the sake of Variety so as to contain six short or half

<sup>\*</sup> Indeed, they might have some Reason for Excuse, were they to have nothing more to depend on in calling a Dance than the Figures as set to Tunes, given in many of the annual Publications, as they contain, for the most part, some too great, and others to small, a Quantity of Figure for the Music to which they are set, and are very seldom found to be properly adapted to the Music.

Figures, which it might, as is the case in "Prince Edward's Fancy," double figure, where, besides the six short or half Figures, there are also three long ones to fill up the Measure of the Music. If this was danced, so as to make the short Figures take the same time as long Figures, or by taking the same Time to perform them, three of them would be left out when the Tune was finished, and perhaps those most essential to the Beauty of the Dance; and, if performed in this Manner, would finish the Figure near the Middle of the Tune, which, to Persons with any thing like an ear for Music, could never be tolerated, and therefore the Figure of the Dance would stand no chance of being performed as it is set.

In speaking of the Neglect in the performing and Misapplication of short and half Figures, it is here particularly requisite, that a wanton and gross Error should be brought under the Dancer's Notice, as being almost universally committed in nearly all Companies, viz. the improper Manner of performing that most useful Figure, "lead down the middle, up again,"\* which is a short Figure, and

<sup>\*</sup> The attention of the Dancer to the Performance of this Figure is perhaps more requisite than to any other in Country Dancing, as it is one of the most useful, and generally occurs in almost eight Dances out of ten, yet its true Intention and Use seem totally misunderstood: in public Companies, not one in fifty is to be found, performing it either in the proper Space or Time; and so prevalent is the Method pursued of making it a long Figure, instead

requiring but half a Strain of long Measure, or a Strain of short, to its Performance; but, instead of being so used, it is generally made to take up double this Time, and the Dancers, instead of confining themselves to leading down two Couple, which is the greatest Distance allowed, (as every Figure should be kept within the Compass of three Couple, always constituting a Dance within itself, and termed a "Minor Set" generally, run down to the Bottom of the Set if possible, and, independent of running against and kicking those going down the Dance before them, never get up again in the Time allowed for performing the Figure.

of a short, and going down ten times the Distance allowed, that it is impossible to set them right. Now if this is not danced as a short Figure, (no doubt can be entertained but that it will by all good dancers) the Majority of the Figures in this Work will not answer the Music, and ignorant Dancers will not fail to blame the Author for what they perform incorrectly; as they will find, that wherever this Figure occurs, they will have too much for the Music, if they take in its Performance eight Bars, long Measure instead of four, as to all Tunes of the usual Length of Strains, of eight or four repeated; a short or half Figure never occurs in a Dance, without being preceded or followed by another short figure, to fill up a Strain of long Measure, played straight through or short repeated. A further Elucidation of this Subject will be given in the Complete System of English Country Dancing. The Author has given Insertion to this note, being determined not to be answerable for the Blunders that are frequently committed by Dancers; yet at the same Time shall be very happy to receive any Corrections or Improvements that can be made

Another gross species of Rudeness, which frequently occurs in the Ball Room, and though it properly belongs to the Etiquette, must nevertheless be noticed here: and that is, many Persons, after standing up in the Dance, on finding the Figure too difficult for them, with a View of concealing their Inability to perform it, take the Liberty of altering it to one more suitable to their shallow Capacities, without ever consulting the Lady who called the Dance. This is always considered a certain Affront; as no Figure can be altered, or any Part of it, without consulting the Lady who called it: therefore, if any Person should find a Figure too difficult for them to perform, they must withdraw from the Set, as it is not only the Disrespect shewn to the Lady, but it is calculated to throw a whole Company into contention and confusion, by so misleading Persons, with a Variety of different Figures, and thereby preventing their knowing which is the right one to perform.

This Liberty complained of, sometimes arises from want of knowing better, as there are but few Persons who attend the Ball Room, that have any thing like a Knowledge of Figures beyond a few trifling ones, such as —" Hands Across," "Lead down the Middle," "Hands six Round," &c. Should a Dance be called with a double Figure, and any of the Figures composing the Dance selected rather more difficult than usual, not six couple out of fifty could be found to perform it properly; and the Per-

son who called it, must either change it for one more simple or less complex, or have the Mortification to hear it complained of as an improper Figure, or of seeing the Company leave the Set, unable to perform it.

Therefore, in the present state of Ball Room Dancing, it is not at all likely, that a good Dancer should at a Public Ball have a chance of enjoying, or even joining, in a good Country Dance. To shew good Country Dancing, it is not enough, that the persons themselves calling the Dance are good Dancers, but that others joining in the dance should properly understand it; particularly if the Figure of the Dance consists of such figures, as "Swing Corners," "Right and Left," "Chain Figure," "Turn Corners," &c.; without the Assistance of the others, no Dancers, however good, can ever shew their Dancing to Advantage.

Another Cause of Country Dancing too frequently having the appearance of mere confusion and bustle is, that when indifferent Dancers find the Dance too difficult for them, to conceal their want of knowledge of Figures (to say nothing of the Steps) they generally contrive to have the Music played so very quick, that the Dancer must perform them, by running through them, instead of Dancing; so that it is difficult, nay sometimes impossible, for even a well taught Dancer to put in a single Step to the Tune, without the greatest Exertion and Fatigue.

To point out all the Errors and Absurdities

committed by the generality of Persons calling themselves Dancers, would be taking up more Room than can be spared in the Compass of this Work: it will therefore be confined to those few general Remarks already made, and which will be obvious to every attentive Observer having the least Knowledge of Dancing; and a few Remarks following, on the Necessity and Application of Steps in Country Dancing and their Use. That proper steps are requisite to all kinds of Dancing is unques\_ tionable, to place the scientific Dancer above the untutored Clown; for, merely attempting Dancing, without Steps, can never properly be deemed Dancing, being only a jumble of Movements thrown together, and, when performed in such a Way, merely coincide with Jumping; which can never please the Eye of Taste, or be creditable to the Performer.

Notwithstanding, to Country Dancers in general, proper Steps seem either unknown or thought unnecessary, as they are in general totally neglected, indeed, but few Country Dancers have ever been taught any sort of Steps; and those who have, seldom make them applicable to the Music and proper Situations of the Dance, from having been badly taught, or not having paid sufficient Attention when learning: the Case therefore is, that should "Set and change Sides,"—"Set and back again," be part of the Figure, they generally run across as fast as they can, without stopping to Set out the

Time; and with the Exception of some times making a sort of Turn or ridiculous Antic, run back again directly, intirely leaving out the setting, thereby making it, " Change Sides and back again," instead of "Set and change Sides, set and back again," which in its Performance should take up double the time of "Change Sides and back again," as the Setting will require as much Time as the Performance of the Figure; by this Manner of Dancing the Dancers not only perform the Figures wrong, by leaving out the setting, and returning before the Time allowed in the Music, and not knowing what to do with their Feet or themselves to fill up the Time (as they cannot perform any proper Steps for that purpose) in the hope of avoiding Detection, enter into some other Figure, without waiting to finish the Strain, and by this Means continue out of Time the whole Dance.

Should "Cast off two Couple and back again," be a Figure in the Dance, running, or it may be said, gallopping, down half a dozen couple, is generally substituted for Dancing down two, without seeming even to know that a cast off Step is at all necessary (one of the greatest Ornaments that can be exhibited in a Country Dance) and the Dancers, as in "Set and Change Sides, Set and back again," return and finish the Figure before the Strain is played out: it is the same with "Set contrary Corners," "Set Three across," "Set Three in your Places," and indeed with all Figures that require setting, these Dancers run to the

Places where the Figure directs, and run back again, without once attempting any thing like a proper Step. These Figures are not only performed out of Time by themselves, by leaving out the Steps, but they endeavour also to prevent others from performing them, who have Ability and Disposition to do what is proper; as the Figure of " Set and change Sides, Set and back again," decribes, the Ladies to join Hands and set before they change Sides; instead of which, as may be seen in almost every Public Assembly, nay, in some the Author has witnessed it, that not one Person was to be found that did otherwise; in others only here and there one was to be found performing it correctly; the Persons dancing having no proper Idea of what "Set and change Sides" really is, generally seize fast hold of the Hands of the Lady they are performing with, and drag her across by main Strength, whether she is inclined or not, thereby affording her no Opportunity of waiting, or even attempting, a setting Step.

Whether these Persons commit this Violence, unconscious of being wrong, or to reduce all others to their own Level, in the hope of covering their want of Ability, or not, the only Way to preserve the Credit of those who can and intend to apply proper Steps, is, to disengage their Hands, and let those Dancers without Steps go their full Length, that they may expose themselves in their own way; for they certainly will be exposed to the Notice, and open to the Censure of those in the same Dance,

who put in Steps properly, should there be any present. Indeed, there is scarcely one to be found using Steps according to their proper Application in the Dance, or to the Time of the Music.

Tunes in  $\frac{9}{8}$  time, as they require, what are technically termed Irish Steps, of which the present Majority of Ball Room Dancers know no more of than they would of a Dance described by the most abstruse Egyptian Hieroglyphics, are always preferred by such Dancers as are capable of performing them, having by such Means a scope for the display of their Abilities.

When one of these Dances is called, it is sometimes the Case, that part of the Company sit down, from Inability to perform it; and to conceal their Inability to perform it as it requires, declare it "a monstrous ugly Dance," &c. Majority of those Dancers, whose good Opinion of their own Dancing encourage them to keep their Places, for want of the proper Steps required in the different Movements of the Dance (this Measure of music requiring more than ordinary Attention to keep and divide the Time in the performance of the Steps) are generally seen hopping about out of time in the most grotesque Manner, lifting up their Legs In various Directions, trying to invent Something, to answer the Music, or to imitate some Person in the Company they think a good Dancer; but, as they are without Rule or System, should they ever hit on a Step to the Music, it is all Chance; but most

frequently, after many fruitless and ridiculous Attempts to put in something (as they phrase it) to suit, (which their awkward attempts cannot conceal from the Company,) in order as much as possible to cover their inability and divert the public Attention from their Feet, resort to some ridiculous clownish Antics; and sometimes even introduce a wry Face. to make the Company laugh; and would feel proud in being called a very "funny Dancer;" but to be thought no more of than the Buffoon of a Company, would be sufficient to shame and disgust a real good Dancer-an Epithet with such such ridiculous Antics would most certainly warrant their being branded: indeed to an attentive Observer, whether Dancer or not, nothing appears more ridiculous, than Persons hopping about in a Dance out of Time, and without proper Steps to regulate their Feet in the performance of the Figures; could these Dancers see themselves, (as most people wish to set themselves off to the best advantage) they would never repeat such an Exhibition of bad deportment; and if they were determined to dance, would get Instructions, and perform like a Dancer.

It is not in the performance of Country Dancing alone, that there exists so much cause of complaint of the want of the performance of proper Steps. Many of the other Fashionable Ball Room Dances share the same Fate, and the Beauty and Effect of the Dance equally lost.

The Author has seen the "Batteause" attempted

(and what was called danced) in a large Company, composed of Persons of the first Fashion, who instead of performing the Steps so necessarily adapted to the Dance, made a single Chassé answer all the Purposes of the Dance, which reduced the Dance to nothing more than the Beating and the Figure, by which the Dance lost its principal Interest and Effect. From this Example, and the Dance (as being deprived of its Steps) looking so very easy, induced others to try it who had never learnt a Step, producing enough to bring any Dance, however good, into Contempt.

Cotillions, Quadrilles, and several other Ball Room Dances, are frequently, performed in a similar Manner.\* The correct performance of Figures and Steps in Dancing is not the only thing that requires Amendment in the Ball Room; but the Carriage and the Style of the Dancers in general. It must be obvious, to every person in the habit of attending the Ball Room, that the Carriage of the Dancers in general calls for the most severe Reprehension, as, instead of dancing upright with a graceful and easy Deportment, the majority dance nearly double, stooping with their Heads towards their Knees, and with their Arms hanging similar to the arms of a dutch Toy; and some Persons may be observed, bent in the Body project-

<sup>\*</sup> Nothing can be a more gross misrepresentation of The True Method of Waltzing, than what is generally represented in many Ball Rooms, and called Waltzing.

ing out behind, with their Heads lifted up, and Arms hanging down; others, in leading down the Middle. &c. have a vulgar Habit, of not only stooping with their Heads nearly touching their Knees, but bearing down the Hands of their Partner with all their Weight, whereby their Partner is obliged to stoop, whether from Inclination or otherwise; others, in performing the same Figure, have contracted a vulgar country habit, of lifting the Arms of their Partners violently up and down, and sometimes raising them above the Head, and then below the Knees, whereby they are always in laborious perpetual motion, producing the most disgusting Effect: there are others, who may have acquired a few Hornpipe Steps, are shuffling about the Room. annoying the Company with the noise of their feet; and in Country Dancing introduce them at every Opportunity, however improper. It must be remembered, that Hornpipe Steps are not calculated, but are very improper for a Country Dance; and persons so using them must be ever considered, as being unaccustomed to good Company and of very vulgar habits.\*\*

<sup>\*</sup> Although some or these remarks have been given in the chapter on Deportment, in the "Analysis of Country Dancing," yet they are considered useful to such persons as are not in the possession of that work, and could not with propriety be left out in a "Dissertation on the Present State of the English Ball Room,"

Having mentioned some of the principal Inconsistencies and Absurdities that have long and are still practised in the Ball Room, particularly in the Performance of English Country Dancing, by persons considering themselves Dancers, and of which Remarks there remains no Doubt, but that the impartial Reader will see the Justice; and indeed, they might have been carried much farther, had not the limits of this work prevented it. It is however confidently hoped, that what has been done in this Work, will be of some Use to the Dancer and the Musician, in cautioning them from adopting such ridiculous Absurdities.

The Origin and Cause of this false Principle of Dancing, how it was first tolerated, and by what Means it has existed so long, must now be endeavoured to be shewn. The principal blame, as has before been mentioned, is with Teachers of Dancing; and some will attach itself to Dancers themselves. The first Cause originated with Teachers, as the Neglect and want of Ability in many, and Idleness in others, has caused Learners themselves to be careless, and easily satisfied with what they did, having no Example shewn them beyond what the most simple Capacity could attain, with but little study or Exertion; for what cost the least trouble seems to have been the most satisfactory.

From such a Class of Teachers, and their setting no Example capable of affording a Stimulus, no good Dancers are likely to be produced. Speaking of the want of Abilities in Teachers, and as producing bad Dancers, there are many Instances within the Author's Knowledge, particularly with regard to Teachers of Country Dancing, many of them, allured by the Hope of Gain, and without any Genius of their own, possessing a Knowledge, derived only from a few Lessons they have received from some Teacher whose Example they intend following, assume the Name of Teachers, open Academies and draw unwary Persons together by Bills and Advertisements, set forth in the most specious Manner, and in which every Species of Dancing is enumerated, copied from those of celebrated Professors.

The Pupils of these Teachers having no Opportunity perhaps of seeing any thing like Dancing, and by believing, that their Teachers are the persons they assume to be, the Cheat, if ever found out, is not till too late, the pupils being frequently so grounded in bad Habits, as to render more Time necessary for their Riddance of them (if Time would even do it) than can conveniently be spared. It will therefore readily be seen, that, on such a System, Dancing is not likely to become improved.

There are others, giving themselves the name, and assuming the character, of Teachers of Dancing, (indeed, the Town has for some Years abounded with such) open Academies and Dancing Rooms, and receive Money, under pretence of giving Instructions, but never shew a single Step.

This would, indeed, be going beyond their Abilities, and contrary to their Plan, which was never to employ themselves in the shewing of Steps, but to have a Country Dance Party two or three times in a Week, at which some are found who have engaged as Pupils; some pay by the Night, and some have Admission for nothing—at these Parties, those considered Pupils are generally set up with a Partner, procured from some interested Motive, to get through the Dance as well as they are able, leaving the Steps entirely out of the question, and only think of running through the Figure; the Proprietor, or, as he calls himself the Teacher, seldom looking to any thing but the Door, and the Profit likely to accrue from the Company.

At Receptacles like these (to which there is Cause for Regret, that for Cheapness too many resort) with the Assistance of their Partner, after being well pushed and pulled about, a person may perhaps acquire a Knowledge of a few easy Figures, and this will be their utmost Knowledge of Country Dancing, nor are they likely to improve as good Dancers, and genteel Persons will ever decline frequenting such Receptacles.

Again, there is another Class of Teachers, some of them keep respectable Establishments, who, by their Advertisements, seem either to know but little of Dancing, or care less about their Reputation, offer to teach Country Dancing in half a dozen Lessons, which is hardly sufficient to enable the

Pupil to acquire the Names of the various Figures correctly, much less to perform them, accompanied by a Performance of the proper Steps. No good Dancers are likely to emanate from the Tuition derived from their Mode of teaching, being generally sentaway, as their Teachers term "finished" and their "Finishing" constitutes nothing more than a defective Knowledge of a few trifling petit Steps, and of two or three of the most simple easy Figures.

Another Encouragement for bad Dancing, particularly Country Dancing, is, Teachers as well as others frequently have Balls and Assemblies, not for professional Credit or for the Exhibition of good Dancing, but for the sake of Gain only, and admit of any sort of Dancing, provided the Visitors pay or take a Ticket; having no Concern beyond the number of Persons and the Profit they are likely to produce. At these Assemblies bad Dancers are not likely to improve, as the Teachers are too idle or selfish to set them any good Example, and suffer them to run about as they please; good dancers are frequently ruined in their dancing, by bad habits, acquired by following the bad Examples of others, as "evil Communications corrupt good Manners." In the above stated cases. the Teachers are most reprehensible, in setting an Example, calculated to reduce the Respectability and Talents, and thereby to undervalue their own Profession, as well as assisting and promoting bad Dancing, which some good Performance of their own or good Dancing of their Pupils, might counteract.

The Neglect paid to English Country Dancing by the higher class of Teachers, it is meant private Teachers, of whom the majority are Foreigners (and although many of them are persons of real Ability and extensive acquired Knowledge in every other Department) arises from their not thoroughly understanding English Country Dancing; but the Fault is not entirely theirs. In the first place, it is a Species of Dancing they consider quite out of their line, and not to be expected, that they should know it previously to their visiting this country, being our national Dance, and but little known on the Continent; but finding that in this country they are called on to teach it with other Dancing, generally apply to some established Foreigner as more readily understanding their Language; and those to whom they apply having but a slight Knowledge of this Department of Dancing, are unable to teach it thoroughly, knowing too much of the Principles of Dancing, to attempt at what they are sensible they may happen to be deficient in; and, on Application to some English Teacher, not knowing which is the best (for by their advertisements they have all the same Pretensions) they generally meet with those who scarcely understand the true Meaning of a Country Dance, much less to be able to explain and define all the various Steps and Movements necessary to be understood by a Teacher of Country

With such Instruction and Example, it is not at all propable that the Teacher should ever acquire any thing beyond a trifling superficial Knowledge of it, or when teaching be expected to give the Pupil any thing like a systematic Principle; this forms one of the principal Causes why the first Classes of Society dance English Country Dances so very imperfectly, and seem to understand it so little: this can only be remedied, by the Attention of the Teachers.

# Ball Koom Music,

And COLLECTIONS of

### COUNTRY DANCES.

The next Subject of Remark, which seems to have hitherto escaped the public Notice, is Ball Room Music, and Country Dance Music, in particular. The only reason to be assigned why Collections of Country Dances, particularly annual ones, have been so deficient both in Merit and Originality, is, that good Composers have considered that it would not pay them for composing Dances, as the Publishers cannot afford any thing like, what may be termed a Price, since they have got into the

Method of selling twenty-four NEW DANCES (at least they are termed so) for a Shilling; therefore the Trifle that can be afforded to Composers for these annual Collections will not make it worth the Trouble or Consideration of persons of talent. They will generally get a Shilling or more for the Sale of a single Song;\* therefore, Composers capable of producing Dances find themselves much better employed, as the Price of their Labour is otherwise justly appreciated. Although most of the Music Publishers are Composers; yet few of them compose their own Dances.+ They are generally, either procured from persons writing them for a mere Trifle, or from young Amateurs, who are fond of obtruding their Productions on the Public. Though they do them for nothing, their Ambition being satisfied, amply remunerates them, as they certainly run but little Risk in these Publications, of

<sup>\*</sup> The Author has seen several collections of cheap songs correctly got up, particularly Scotch; but cannot say as much for collections of dances, as he scarcely ever saw a collection of dances that was correct, either in figure or music, said to be collected.

<sup>†</sup> The Author, however, has the pleasure of knowing one or two publishers, unquestionably men of talent, who have commenced writing their own dances; by which something beyond the usual standard may be expected to rescue these annual collections from the universal contempt with which they are treated, and the public will have a chance of getting something original and pleasing to the ear.

losing their Credit, or of feeling public Censure, the Name of the Composers but seldom appearing; supposing, perhaps, that they will be taken for the Composition of some eminent Person, who would not think of putting his name to a few Dances. This is one Cause, that leads to undervalue Collections of Dances, even were they tolerably good; as anonymous Publications generally create Suspicion, from a Supposition, that it may arise from want of Talent, that the Composer's name is made a Secret. The Date\* seems also generally withheld, from a similar Motive, and from fear of their not being Merit enough in the Music to recommended it to Futurity, and that it will only sell while it is thought new. Publishers generally injure themselves, by opposing each other with cheap

<sup>\*</sup> Indeed, it is no uncommon thing to find these annual collections made up, partly from old tunes, with scraps of their own attached to them, in order to disguise them, and make them, if possible, suit their popular modern titles, which are generally given them, such as the "Regent's Fancy," "Wellington's Favourite," "Prince Cobourgh's Reel," &c. Several persons, (in what is called by them,) composing these modern popular tunes, are seldom content with taking from an old tune a few bars here and there, but do not hesitate taking whole strains, where they think they are safe from detection; and sometimes coupling the first strain of one tune with the second of another, &c. so that these tunes come before the public in such a mangled state, that the beauty of the original, if it ever possessed any, is lost in the compiler's dullness.

Publications, as they seldom pay them for the Expence and Trouble of publishing, twenty-four Dances being really more than can be afforded for a Shilling; if they are good, even half that number would be extremely cheap. At that Price, Persons are frequently set against them, from their Cheapness, well knowing, that good Composers will never employ themselves at so cheap a Rate. It would therefore much better answer both the Purposes of the Publisher and the Public, if the Number of Dances in those Annual Collections were few, and those few Original and well composed.

# BALL BOOM MUSICIANS.

The Author has availed himself of this opportunity of saying something respecting Ball Room Musicians, on the opinion in which they are held, and their general treatment by the public. That they are a useful class of persons will not be doubted; for whatever opinion has been, or may be hereafter formed of them, there is one thing certain, that there is no Dancing without them, as the Music must always guide the Dancer. From the number of the Author's own Public Balls and Assemblies, and and a multitude of others both public and private, at which he has been present, he has had good and frequent opportunities of observing the manner

in which Musicians are in general treated by their Employers and by the Company, which is too generally in a contemptuous manner. Their being considered as obliged to play for hire for their Employer's Amusement, they are frequently treated worse than their servants, and never, or seldom spoken too, but in an imperious haughty manner, generally addressing them, and speaking of them, by the names of fiddlers, endeavouring thereby to shew a superior consequence in themselves, and the dependance of the Musicians: or otherwise, adopt the other extreme, and become very familiar, and ply them with Liquor, in order to make them drunk, being with those persons a common opinion and saying, that nothing is so amusing as a drunken fiddler, the whole of the Musicians coming under this title whatever instrument they play. This is a base and pitiful advantage, and reflects no credit on those who practice it. That these persons should occasionally drink is no wonder, from the Dust arising from the Room, and great Exertions in playing long Dances; but more should not be forced on them than is needful. Another thing that requires remark, is, that Musicians are seldom payed for their playing, without their Employers complaining of the high price of their Labour; yet these employers never think, that the Musicians cannot find employment for more than five or six months in the Year, and that generally in the winter Season, when the weather is bad, and their employment

being principally at night, from leaving warm rooms, and being exposed afterwards to the bad effects of night air, and consequently severe colds, together with the want of rest, in a few years their constitutions, are destroyed or ruined, and they rendered totally unfit for business. It is true, that there may be many found amongst them, whose talent will not entitle them to the name of Musicians, although they carry a card to that effect; yet, notwithstanding the majority are Men of Talent, amongst which will be found a number belonging to our national Theatres, Men of unquestionable ability, and of the greatest respectability, both in manners and appearance.

The Author has frequently heard Musicians blamed, and even accused of Ignorance in their business, for not having perhaps known, or been able to play, every Tune asked for (although they might have been able to play almost every popular and nominal Tune, if called for by their proper names) merely, because the names by which they have been called by the person asking, have been perverted ones, from their having been taken from some old obselete collection, or otherwise from some modern publication, where, for the sake of novelty, the original and proper names had been perverted, very probably for no other purpose than to save them the trouble of a new Tune; (many of which the Musician would have instantly known and recognized by the proper name, had the Music been

furnished for his inspection,) or otherwise by the bye-names taken from pocket books\*-some of which never existed but in the brain of the compiler. It is really excessively severe, that a Musician should lose his character as a qualified Musician, and perhaps his future business, because he does not purchase all the worthless modern collections, or not possessing sufficient assurance to pretend to know, that which never existed. The only alternative that presents itself, to save the credit of the Musicians, and to indulge many of these very Fashionable Dancers with their Great Novelties, is for those who intend to call, what is by them termed a New Dance, to bring the Music with them and lay it before the Musicians, which will both save the character of the Musician, and benefit the Music Seller, and also gratify their whims and caprice.

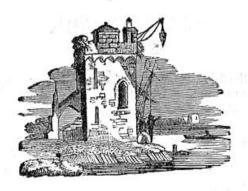
<sup>\*</sup> When Dances are inserted in Pocket Books, the Editor should be careful to mention from whose Collections they are selected, that the original may be referred to in case of necessity.

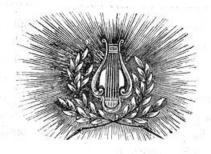
<sup>†</sup> Many of those persons in the habit of calling for particular Tunes, cannot even tune them, or when played, have no knowledge of them whatever. The Musicians frequently perceive it, and avail themselves of their assumption and ignorance. Instead of playing what they ask for, (if such a Tune could be found) often play something they compose extempore, or some very obscure Air, which is not likely to be known. This frequently satisfies these connoisseurs, who as frequently declare, that they

Indeed, it would be well for themselves and the public, if the company of Musicians (if that company still exist) would oblige every practical Musician, on being approved of by the society to take out a certificate, which should be a proof of his ability, and authorise him to be employed as a person of talent, recommended by the society; and to prevent uncertificated persons from taking business, for the Company to authorise any of their own body, on finding an uncertificated person playing, to go and demand his money, as not being properly qualified to play, according to act of Parliament and the rules of the company. This would be, not only serving themselves, but the public, as none but certificated Musicians would get employment at respectable businesses; and render the profession still more respectable, to create a fund, out of the charge for certificates, towards supporting the Company and decayed Musicians. The Author hopes, that the few hints

have often heard it before, and know it to be a very popular Tune. Although it might sometimes be pleasant enough to play off on assuming ignorance, this practise ought to be discountenanced; as it tends to establish bad precedents, as well as inducing persons to call for Dances that never were in print, which may give Musicians the trouble to seek for that which probably was never remembered beyond the time it was played; and in other cases, sometimes subjecting Musicians to exposure, where the Tune called should chance to be known.

he has here given respecting "Ball Room Musicians" will not be totally lost, and that some able person or persons amongst their own body will take the matter up, as a credit to themselves and a benefit to the whole; and they may rest assured, that should the Author's services be considered of any use, he will feel himself happy in contributing the best in his power.





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# ETIQUETTE\*

OF THE

## Ball Room.

IN the following Sketch, the minutiæ of the duties of the conductor, or of the company comprising a Ball, have not been entered into, nor are any of the bye-laws and rules belonging to any private or particular Assembly given, being confined only to the Etiquette of such Public and Private Balls, where the persons composing the company take their places in the Dance according to their numbers. At Court, and some other select balls and assemblies, places are taken according to Precedence.

† A very full Treatise on the Etiquette of these Assemblies will be given in a future Publication.

<sup>\*</sup> Although the Etiquette of the Ball Room has been already published in one of the present Author's former works, it could not be dispensed with in "A Companion to the Ball Room," as the work would have been incomplete without it.

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On entering the Ball Room, each Lady intending to dance must be presented by the Master of the Ceremonies with a ticket, on which is inscribed the number of her Call,\* according to which they afterwards take their places in the dance. The first Lady is entitled to No. 1;† the second to No. 2, and so on. These numbers should be placed in a conspicuous place, and remain there till the Dancing is finished, to prevent any misunderstanding respecting situations in the dance; for no one can claim a place, without displaying their ticket.

Gentlemen are not permitted to enter the Ball Room, in boots, spurs, gaiters, trowsers, or with canes or sticks; nor are loose pantaloons considered proper for a Full Dress Ball.

The most proper Dance for opening the Ball is a Minuet.

After the Ball has been opened (should there be an opening dance) it is the duty of the Master of the Ceremonies to call up and place the company in couples according to their numbers, beginning with No. 1 at the top, No. 2. the next, and so on in succession, till all the numbers that were given

<sup>\*</sup> In some particular companies, it is sometimes found convenient to give the numbers to the Gentlemen instead of the Ladies: this seldom occurs in fashionable parties.

<sup>†</sup> It is a rule at some Balls, to give the person who takes No. 1 another number also, as No. 9 (but this is not an established rule, the propriety of it entirely resting with the Master of the Ceremonics) then two of that number are requisite, in case the time will not permit for nine dances; the ninth couple is entitled to their call before No. 1. This second number is sometimes given, to induce persons to take No. 1, it being sometimes refused, as after their call, they are obliged to stand at the bottom of the room during the rest of the evening; but by others, it is considered an honor to lead off the first Dance.

## 240 Etiquette of the Ball Room.

which will be placed at the bottom of the set.

The usual honors of bows and courtesies should be observed at the commencement and conclusion of each dance.

In large Assemblies, it is sometimes requisite to divide the company into divisions or sets, distinguished by figures or letters; but most generally by letters, as A first set, B second set, &c. The top couple in the division or set A call the first dance; then the top couple in the division or set B call the second dance; and afterwards the second couple in A; then second couple in B; and so on throughout each set. When tickets are not made out for different sets, and the company are too numerous to stand in one set, they may be divided, and all the odd numbers, as No. 1, No. 3, No. 5, No. 7, &c. stand all in one set; and the even numbers, as No. 2, No. 4, No. 6, No. 8, in the other; then the calls will be the same, beginning with No. 1 first, afterwards to the other set, which will be No. 2, &c.

When it so happens, that the company are divided into two or more Sets, care should be taken in forming the Sets, so that each of them shall if possible contain an equal number with the other; and should it unavoidably occur, as sometimes is the case, that one of the sets contains more than the others, and as more time will be required to finish the dance by that set, the persons composing the other sets, on finishing the Dance, should retire to their seats, till the Dance shall be gone through by each couple in the longest set, and the Master of the Ceremonies declares the Dance finished, and by giving a signal to the leader of the band shall silence the Music.

When the sets are of an unequal length, as described in the above article, by permission of

the Master of the Ceremonies, the shortest set or sets may continue Dancing on till the persons in the set containing the greatest number of persons have completely finished the Dance.

When a company is divided into different sets, no person must attempt to change their set, without permission of the Master of the Ceremonies.

Any Lady or Gentleman, altering their number, or not producing it when called for, must stand at the bottom of the Dance or set they belong to.

No couple ought to refuse to stand up directly the Dance is called, as it shews great disrespect to the Lady who calls it.

Two Ladies, or two Gentlemen, cannot dance together, without permission of the Master of the Ceremonies; nor can permission be given while there are an equal number of Ladies and Gentlemen.

In the absence of Gentlemen, when Ladies are permitted to form couples, and in the absence of Ladies, when it occurs that Gentlemen are permitted to form couples, they must always stand at the bottom of the set.

Ladies or Gentlemen forming couples, are not entitled to a call according to either of their numbers, without the permission of the Master of the Ceremonies, as they lose their privilege by standing up together; and it is entirely optional with the Master of the Ceremonies to permit two Gentlemen to stand together.

Should any Lady lose her Number, on application to the Master of the Ceremonies, she should be furnished with another, according to which she must take her place in the Dance.

Ladies and Gentlemen being without partners,

## Etiquette of the Ball Room.

949

should apply to the Master of the Ceremonies, whose place it is, if possible to provide them.

All persons standing up after the Dance has commenced, must stand at the bottom of the set for that Dance, and take their place according to their number in the next.

Any person standing up, without the knowledge of the Master of the Ceremonies, and found in a wrong place according to their number, must be placed at the bottom of the set.

Any couple wishing to retire early, should deliver their number to the Master of the Ceremonies, that he may know such a couple is absent when the numbers are called up.

The couple about to call the Dance, should inform the Master of the Ceremonies of the Tune and Figure, that he may give directions to the different sets (if more than one) and direct the band accordingly; the Tune should be once played over before the Dance commences.

The Master of the Ceremonies can object to any call that affords reasonable ground of complaint, such as length or difficulty of Figure; but the couple whose call is rejected, have the liberty of calling another Dance less objectionable and more suitable to the ability of the company.

Should any couple after calling a Dance, find themselves incapable of performing it, they may call another; but if the same difficulty occurs in the second call, the Master of the Ceremonies may transfer the call to the next couple, and place the couple so failing at the bottom of the set.

Should any couple stop, or perform the same Figure twice with the same couple, they must drop one couple, or stand out, as they must not interrupt those that follow in the same Figure

The different sets (if there be more than one) should all begin the Figure at the same time as the one that calls the Dance.

When the couple calling the Dance has gone down three\* couples, then the second couple should begin, and so on with all the couples in succession, till after the one that called it has regained the top and proceeded again three couple downwards, where the Dance is finished; and the couple that called it must stand at the bottom for the next Dance.

When a Dance is finished, the Master of the Ceremonies should give the signal to the leader of the Band to leave off, to prevent any unnecessary Noise, or Clapping of Hands.

No person should leave the room, or even sit down, before the Dance is finished (unless on some very particular occasion; and not then, without first informing the Master of the Ceremonies.

It is the duty of the Master of the Ceremonies alone to direct the band; and for the band to obey no other person.

No person should leave the room immediately after they have had their call, without the Dancing

<sup>\*</sup> It has been always usual for the second couple to go off as soon as the top couple have gone down three couple; but this frequently proves very inconvenient, particularly when the figures occupy the whole three couple, as "Swing or turn Corners," "Hands six Round," &c.: then a dance appears all bustle, by not having a neutral couple between to divide each minor set, as they are termed, therefore it is better to go down four couple instead of three, before the second couple set off.

244 Etiquette of the Ball Room.

is concluded for the evening, as it evinces great disrespect to the company.

No dance ought to be performed twice the same evening.

Such persons as may dislike any Dance that is called, instead of interrupting its performance, or endeavouring by any means to have the same altered should retire to their seats.

No person during a Country Dance, should hiss, clap, or make any other noise, to interrupt the good order of the company.

No Lady or Gentleman must, during a Country Dance, attempt at Reels, or any other Figures, in the same room.

Snapping the fingers, in Country Dancing and Reels, and the sudden howl or yell\* too frequently practised, ought particularly to be avoided, as partaking too much of the customs of barbarous nations; the character and effect by such means given to the Dance, being adapted only to the stage, and by no means suited to the Ball Room.

No person is entitled to two calls the same evening, (unless in their turn with the others) without the permission of the Master of the Ceremonies.

Between the Country Dances, no person is permitted to introduce Reels, Waltzes, Quadrilles, Cotillions, or any other Dance whatever, without the permission of the Master of the Ceremonies.

A number transferred is not entitled to a call, if the original possessor has retired from the Ball.

<sup>\*</sup> Introduced in some Scotch parties as partly national with them.

Changing partners in all Balls and Assemblies ought to be optional, as in many companies it is more properly convenient.

All disputes respecting the Dancing must be referred to the Master of the Ceremonies, and his decision abided by.

Immediate attention should be paid to any request regarding the Dancing made by the Master of the Ceremonies, otherwise his conducting the Ball will be attended with the utmost inconvenience.

After a Dance is called, no person is allowed to change or alter the Figure in any manner whatever.

Should any Lady after calling a dance, which is not objectional to the Master of the Ceremonies, find it too difficult for the company, she may be permitted to change it for one less difficult; but not to lead off again from the top, without permission of the Master of the Ceremonies.

When the Ball commences, the company should not leave their places, or rest, till after the second Dance. Should the sets be short, they may Dance three Dances before they rest. During the remainder of the evening, it is the business of the Master of the Ceremonies to direct the company as to the proper time for resting.

At public Assemblies, where supper is given, the Master of the Ceremonies should inform the company when supper is ready; and when it is finished, and the company disposed to return to the Ball Room, the Master of the Ceremonies should order the band to play some appropriate Tune, to bring the company in the Ball Room.

The Master of the Ceremonies should wear a

### 246 Etiquette of the Ball Koom.

Sash, or some conspicuous ensignia, to distinguish him from the rest of the company.

Persons should be very careful in taking upon themselves the office of Master of the Ceremonies, unless properly and fully qualified for that office, as they take upon themselves very great responsibility.

To preserve greater order, and to prevent disputes, it is advisable, that the proprietors, or the conductors of Public Balls and Assemblies, should have the foregoing Etiquette, particularly so much of it as relates to the company, written and hung up in some conspicuous part of the room\* during such evenings as the Balls or Assemblies may be held.



<sup>\*</sup>The Author has never yet had occasion to resort to such a measure; but doubts not it will be found to facilitate the comfort of such companies as observe it, and particularly where the Master of the Ceremonies is not generally known; for in such cases, his capability is frequently disputed, and his authority consequently treated with contempt.

# National and Characteristical UNIDIEX.

ALLEMANDES	154 to 156
COTILLIONS	
IRISH TUNES, with some others, chiefly	
in & that require Irish Steps	21 32
ENGLISH, 1RISH, &c. that do not require	
_ Irish Steps	82 - 126
FANDANGOS AND BOLEROS	173 - 176
GAVOTTES	171 - 173
HORNPIPES	127 - 140
MARCHES	177 - 179
MINUETS	162 - 169
QUADRILLES*	180 193
REELS	61 - 81
SCOTCH TUNES	32 — 60
WALTZES	141 - 153

#### ~~~~

## CONTENTS.

A. PAGE	Bohemian Waltz145
Allemande du Mignon 158	Bohemian Waltz145
Allemande St. Cloud 154	Bonny Highland Laddie 69
A Man is a Man for a' that 32	Birks of Abergeldy 79
Andrew Carev 22	Birth Day Minuet 168
Angouleme Waltz 148	Braes of Auchentyre 49
Ariande	Bridge of Lodi130
Agtler's Hamming	Bridge of Loai130
Asucy's Hornpipe135	Brunswick Waltz147
Ride 82	Buttered Pease 87
Atalanta	Bugle Horn 114
Augustein Waltz141	Back of the Change
Auld Lang Syne 48	House
Austerlitz Waltz 141	Ca Ira
- B	Ca Ira
Dais used in dividing the	Laiabrian Walter 150
Figures 10	Calder Fair 64
Bouquette La 102	Caledonian Hunt 52
Both Minnet 160	Caledonian Funt 52
Dath Minute103	Caledonian Laddie 38
Bain or Prussian Waltz147	Caledonian Rant101
Bell (La) Catherine 117	Cameron got his Wife namin no
Derwick (go to) Johnny 25	Cammeronian Dant on
Bobbin Joan or Love and	Cammeronian Reel 75
Whisky	Cammicronian Reel 75
11 mony 28	Camstroden Rant 26

<sup>•</sup> The Sudden popularity of Quadrilles made necessary for the Author, in publishing the second Edition, to use the Letter-Press printed for the first, which was the reason they were not inserted in the Index.

•	. PA	GE	D. PAGE
Captain Maken			Duncan Davidson 45
			Duke of Berrie's Waltz 149
Captain Ross's			
Caro Dolce			Dumbarton Drums 40
Carthagenian 1	Fandango 17	71	Dundee Reel 79
Cary Owen			Dusty Miller 21
Catches and Gl	ees11	10	Ε.
Cauld Kail in A			Earl Breadalbane's Reel 75
Caw' the Ewes		70	East Nook of Fife 51
Chace Royal Co	otillion10	13	F.
Chant Russe .			Fife Hunt 50
Circus Hornpip			Fisher's Hornpipe133
Clean Peas Stra			Minuet
College Hernpi			Floretta
Copenhagen W			For a'that and a' that 32
Come under my			Fourteenth of February 86
Country Dance			G.
Corn Rigs are 1		37	Gavotte Porisienne170
Corsair Hornpi			Gavotte to the Minuet de
Cotillion Toulor	noise 1	58	la Cour172
Crief Fair		76	Gavotte of Vestris, or Ves-
Cromarties Rai		70	tris' Gavotte171
Crookie (Ha' y		۰ ۱	Genoese Waltz150
Den	e been at	89	Glenkendie's Reel 62
Corly Looke		04	Giordanis Minuet148
Curly Locks Cushion (New)	Dance 1	02	Cokky Of (The)
			Gobby O' (The)121
(Old)	Dance 1	00	Go to the Devil and shake
(Ola)	Elementer I	02	yourself
T	Figure to) 1:	90	Green grows the Rushes O 67
Delata Desila	<b>,</b>	20	Guaracha; or the Cartha-
Dainty Davie			genian Fandango173
Da Capo			Grinder (The) 24
Del Caro's Hor			H.
Devil's Dream			Hame came our Gudeman
Devil or no De			or back of the Change
Devonshire Ho			House 42
Dibdin's Fancy			Harlequin Amulet, or
Directions to I			Cary Owen 87
Directions to M			Harlequin's Hornpipe 128
Disappointed V			Haste to the Wedding 83
Donalbane			Hau'd the Bonny Lass till
Dorsetshire Ho	rnpipe1	39	I come at her 74
Double Figure	es to Short		Haughs of Cromdale 37
Measure		17	Haunted (The) Tower117
Downfall of Pa			Haymakers (The),111
Drops of Brane	dy	21	Highland (The Laddie) 36
Drops of Brane	dy (the old)	25	Highland (The) Black Lad-
Drown Drowth		27	die 74

H. PAG	GE L. PAGE
	La Finalle to 1st. set of
his Mother	73 Quadrilles184
Honey (The) Moon 1	La Finalle to 3rd. set of
Hyp Doctor	Quadrilles194
I.	La Follié de Espagne174
I'l Bondicani 10	06 La Junon
I am o'er young to Marry 3	3 La Jupon Rouge 99
Introduction	9 La Mignonnette Cotillion159
Irish Hop Pickers 2	7 La Pacifique Cotillion 157
Irish Washerwoman 8	5 La Fille Pastorale 158
Isle of Sky10	5 Le Parisiene Allemande 155
Italian Monfrina 8	3 La Pastourelle Allemande 156
J.	La Paysan's Allemande 155
Jacintha 18	2 La Sibylle
Jack's Alive 9	5 Laura and Lenza 120
Jack's Delight11	4 L' Augustin Waltz 141
Jackey Bull 9	6 Le Point de Jour 189
Jackey Tar	2 Les deux amis Cotillion 157
Jenny's Baubee 6	7 Let me in this ac' Night 43
Jenny Nettles 6	5 Limerick Jig 28
Jenny Sutton11	2 Little Fanny's Love, or
Joan's Placket10	Lady Baird's Reel 73
Johnny Cock thy Beaver 5	Lochaber Reel 72
Johnny's Grey Breeks 3	Loch Erroch Side 34
Jupon Rouge 99	Logan Water131
Jubilee (The Old)106	Long Measure 15
Juliana118	
Jumping Joan	
Jush of Perth 34	
K.	Lord Moira's Welcome to
KingGeorge III.'s Minuet109	Scotland 42
Kiss me Sweetly 51	Libre and Winsky, or 200-
L	
Lady Baird's Reel 73	Lowland Rant 71
Lady Cawdor 29	
Lady Coventry's Minuet162	
Lady Harriot Hope's Reel 62	Magic Oak119 Maggie Lauder41
Lady Mary Douglas 100	Maggie's Togher
Lady Montgomery 63	Maggie's Weam is fu I trow 55
Lady Shaftsbury's Reel 61	
Lady Terficken's Rant 79	Martini's Minust 100
LaBelle Assemblée March 178	Marchall Carola Mination
La Belle Catherine 112	Mason's (The) Apren 50
La Bouquet 109	Milan Minuet,163
La Chasse de Guard Cotil-	Minuet de la Cour 100
lion	Miss Raker's Hornning 100
La Coquette180	Miss Bentick's Fancy120
	2011 2011 10 1 and y 120

M. PAGE	Р.	PAGE
Miss Bowle's Minuet166	Public Opinions	125
Miss Johnson's Reel 66	Prince Edward's Fancy	y100
Mrs. Casey 89	Princess Amelia's Minu	iet 163
Mrs. Wilson's Hornpipe 129	Prussian, or Bath Wa	ltz 147
Morgan Ratler 88	Promenade March	177
Morpeth Rant135	R.	
Mozart's Military Waltz 142	Rakes of Kilkenny	29
Mozart's Waltz151	Rakes of Westmeath.	
MyLoveis but a Lassie yet! 65	Rakish Highlandman,	70000 0000
My only Joe and Dearie O 33		109
My Wife's a Wanton	Red Lion Hornpipe .	128
wee' Thing 52		154
N.	Richer's Hornpipe	134
Nancy Dawson 89	Ride a Mile	30
Namette183	Round about the May	7:7:7:100.02.10
New Christmas 50	Ruffian's Rant	
New Rigged Ship122	Rural Felicity	
Nineteenth of February 78		
	S.	
None so pretty 90	Sailor Laddie	58
Off she goes121	Sander's Bane	
O let me in this a' Night 43	Saw ye Johnny Comin	
Old Drops of Brandy 25	Sauteuse	153
Opera Reel 81	Scotch Contention	45
O'er Bogie 48		
O'er the Hills and far away 56		85
O'er the Moor among the	Shan Trush Willichar	1 59
Heather 46	(a) (m) x x 1	47
O'er the Water to Charley 55		13
Р.	Shuffle and Cut	31
Pantheon Cotillion 160		134
Paddy O'Rafferty125	Sicilian Dance	121
Paddy the Weaver 97	Sicilian Waltz	148
Parson in the Pease 107		gures 12
Patrick's Day, or St. Pa-	Single Figures	
trick's Day110	to Short Measure	15
Parisot's Hornpipe136	Sir David Hunter Bla	ur 94
Paul's Alley 9	4 Sir John Malcolm	77
Pavillion Waltz14		
Peggy's Love 5	4 Sleepy Moggy	
Piedmontese Cotillion 16		116
Philip M'Cue 3		167
Piper's Round 9		
Pirate's Waltz14	9 St. Bride's Bells	104
Pleasures of the Town13		
Pleyel's Hornpipe12		
Polonese Gavotte17	0 Struen Robertson's R	ant 57
Postboy's Hornpipe12	7   Sutherland Reel	18
and the second s		

S PAGE	T. PAGE
Sweet Molly 76	The Union March118
Sweet Richard103	The Union, a Quadrille 191
T.	The Union Waltz145
The Blythsome Brydal 26	The Widow (Wap at the)
The Campbells are coming 43	
TheCarl came o'er theCraft 35	There's nae luck about the
The Gobby O'121	House 49
The Ducks dang o'er my	Time of playing the Dances 18
Daddy 60	Tink a Tink 83
The Grinder 24	Todlen Hame 46
The Haughs of Cromdale 37	Tulloch Gorum, or the
The Caledonian Rant 101	Reel of 63
The Haunted Tower117	Turnpike (the) Gate115
The Haymakers111	V.
The Honey Moon111	Vanhall's Minuet164
The Lass in you Town 47	Vestris' Bolero174
The Maltman comes on	Gayotte171
Monday 23	
The Mason's Apron 53	
The Nymph 90	100
The Old Jubilee105	Watford Hornpike 137
The Patriots106	We've cheated the Parson 92
The Pavilion, by G. P.	Wedderburn's Reel 77
White121	West's Hornpipe139
a Quadrille 193	White Cockade 39
The Regency190	Wilson's Fandango,176 Promenade
The Review 97	100
The Rose 98	
The Royal Allemande156	140
The Royal Waltz146	
The Terpsichore 193	
The Theodore110	Ye, Yo115
The Triumph10	1110, 10



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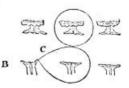
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